The Bombay Gazette

No. 10,128—New Series. BOMBAY:—MONDAY, AUGUST 22, 1881.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* are as follows:—

To Subscribers in Bombay—*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 48	Per Annum	Rs. 60
Half-yearly	„ 25	Half-yearly	„ 31
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Monthly	„ 5	Monthly	„ 6

To Subscribers—Up-country.

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
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These Up-country Rates include Postage Rates.

Single Copy ..... As. 4.

Price for back Numbers varies according to lapse of time between As. 8 and Rs. 2.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES EACH—TWO RUPEES.

TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ten Lines and under—

First insertion	Rs. 5 0
Second do.	„ 2 8
Third do.	„ 2 8
Fourth and succeeding insertions	„ 0 14

As. 8 a line, but no Advertisement counted at less than eight lines.

All Advertisements are charged according to the space they occupy. Words all or smallest type, 12 lines to the inch.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matter as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations Wanted or Servants Required, Houses or Lodgings to let, Changes of Monsoon Articles Lost or Found. The scale for Advertisements belonging to any of these classes is as follow:—

Not exceeding three lines ..... Re. 1-0.

Each succeeding line ..... „ 0-8.

Advertisements exceeding five lines will be charged for at their present ordinary rates.

No advertisement will be inserted for less than *One Rupee*, and payment must in all cases be made in *Cash*.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First insertion	As. 8 per Line.
Second do.	„ „
Third and succeeding	„ „

In the Native languages, double the above.

For Advertisements which are to be inserted for a considerable time special contracts may be made.

BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

Subscription for one Year, *Post Free in India*, Rs. 12. Postage to England, Rs. 6-8.

Price per Copy ..... As. 4

All Cheques, Money Orders, and other Remittances should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited),

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. MADURA, 1,942 Tons, on WEDNESDAY, 24th August, 1881, at 6 p.m., calling at Kumaghetty, Carwar, Mangalore, Cannanore, Calicut, Beypore, Cochin, Alleppie, Quilon, Tuticorin, Colombo, Negapatam, Pondicherry, Madras, Coconada, Vizagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopalpore, False Point, in the forenoon or any order weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

THE S. S. BURMAH, 1081 Tons, on MONDAY, 22nd August, 1881, at 4 p.m., calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Lingah, Bushire, Bunder, Abbas and Bussrah, in the forenoon of any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. EUPHRATES, 803 Tons, on FRIDAY, 26th August, 1881, at 11 a.m.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, MOZAMBIQUE, INHAMBANE, QUILLIMANE, AND DELAGOA BAY.

THE S. S. ORIENTAL, 1,196 Tons, on THURSDAY, 22nd September, 1881.

FOR QUEENSLAND.

S. S. ALMORA, 2,613 Tons. The Coast Steamer leaving Colombo with the Queensland Royal Mail Steamer Arcadia from England, and passengers and cargo for the following ports:—

Bowen, Rockhampton, and Brisbane.

CALCUTTA TO RANGOON.

DURING the south-west monsoon the direct steamers will leave Calcutta for Rangoon every THURSDAY, instead of every FRIDAY.

N.B.—EXPORTS.—To save shippers the trouble of clearing and shipping, shipments not exceeding five tons will be received, and Bills of lading granted in exchange at the Original Consignee's.

Railway receipts for packages from up-country should be forwarded to the undersigned, who will undertake clearance and shipment.

IMPORTS.—The undersigned undertake the landing, clearing and delivery in Bombay or forwarding by rail or steamer packages by the Company's Steamers. Bills of Lading and particulars of contents and value should accompany forwarding instructions.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 19th August, 1881. Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION with ITALY VIA SUEZ CANAL.

ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. R. PIATTINO & Co., GENOA.

Regular Steamer Leaves ... and BOMBAY on the 1st *Month.*

M BOMBAY.

h the Suez Canal.]

	3rd Class.
	....Rs. 40
	„ 90
Including Wines	„ 140
	„ 140
	„ 140
	„ 140
Without food.	„ 140

charge; Children not

delivered in LONDON
t allowed in the Hand
Charged for at rates

nbay:—
1st Sept., 1881.
1st Oct., 1881.
1st Nov., 1881.

ave large First and
always carry a Doctor

start precisely at 12 noon.
ce are carried on board
's steam launch leaving
p.m.

through Railway Tickets, from
S to LONDON, are issued here
cant from the undersigned.
and Ulessa can be booked at

formation, rates of Freight, &c.,

F. BOZZONI,
9, Rubattino S. N. Company.
ssoon House, Elphinstone Circle.

ARIAN LLOYDS' STEAM ATION COMPANY

GULAR LINE OF STEAMERS
TWEEN BOMBAY AND
RIESTE VIA CANAL.

THE following Steamers will be despatched from Bombay to Trieste:—

	Captain.	Tons	HP.	To sail
INGARIA	G. Sturli	1,082	400	9th Sept.
PHENE	G. Doticich	1,927	400	20th Oct.

Passage-money (exclusive of Wines and which can be had on Board at moderate prices) as

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
To C	Rs. 90	Rs. 280	Rs. 140
To Ma (via Port Said)	305	220	113
To Port	330	235	121
To Suez	300	210	122
To Ad	170	130	66

STEAM TO HONGKONG VIA COLOMBO, PENANG, AND SINGAPORE.

THE Co.'s S.S. VORWAERTS, Captain [illegible], Marquesto, 2,30[illegible] tons, 150 horse power, will be despatched as above on the 2nd October, 1881.

Cargo will be received on board until sunset on the previous to sailing.

INSURANCES effected by the General Insurance Company Limited, Bombay Branch.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.

Sassoon House, 7, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, August 16th, 1881.

ANCHOR LINE.

INDIAN SERVICE BETWEEN BOMBAY, LIVERPOOL AND MEDITERRANEAN.

THE following sailings have been arranged:—

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

	Captains	Tons.	h.p.	1881.
s.s. BRITANNIA	T. G. Knox	3,500	700	30th Aug.
s.s. HISPANIA	J. Laird	3,500	700	13th Sept.
s.s. ARMENIA	C. H. Reid	3,500	700	27th Oct.
s.s. BRITANNIA	R. Hutchison	3,500	700	30th Nov.
s.s. HISPANIA	J. Laird	3,500	700	15th Dec.
s.s. ARMENIA	Geo. R. Reid	3,500	700	16th Jan

BOMBAY TO MEDITERRANEAN.

	Captains	Tons.	h.p.	1881.
s.s. ROUMANIA	T. G. Knox	3,500	700	24th Sept.
s.s. EGYPTA	J. Harris	2,700	600	29th Oct.
s.s. INDIA	G. Jamieson	2,400	500	12th Nov.
s.s. ROUMANIA	T. G. Knox	3,500	700	31st Dec.

For rates and further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 5th June, '77, 1880.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM TO SOUTHAMPTON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, MARSEILLES, ADEN, SUEZ, MALTA, AND GIBRALTAR.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched as above:—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1881.
— TEHERAN	2589	400	A.C. Loggin	23rd Aug
s. LOMBARDY	2723	450	A. B. Chapman	30th „
— SUMATRA	2488	160	R. F. Briscoe	6th Sept.
s. AUSTRALIA	3664	600	J. P. Hassall	13th „
— MONGOLIA	2833	530	W. S. Thompson	20th „
s. ANCONA	2991	600	E. G. Stead	29th „
— MALWA	2939	500	M. De Horne	6th Oct.
s. KHEDIVE	2860	600	T. S. Tomlin	15th „
— BOKHARA	2932	500	J. Orman	20th „
s. CATHAY	2983	500	W. M. Robbie	27th „

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock-head, at Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, BRINDISI, VENICE, MARSEILLES, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, and SOUTHAMPTON by every Mail. The Steamers marked thus proceed direct to Southampton. By the others Passengers change vessels at Suez, and those for Brindisi, Venice, Trieste and Marseilles are conveyed by fast iron Steamers to Alexandria.

Return Tickets are issued at reduced rates as under, THREE MONTHS from date of departure by that on which they are taken.

	Via Brindisi, both ways.	Via Brindisi, one way.	Via Southampton. both ways.
First Class	Rs. 900	Rs. 1,050	Rs. 1,000
Second Class	Rs. 500	Rs. 550	Rs. 600
SIX MONTHS.			
First Class	Rs. 1,150	Rs. 1,200	Rs. 1,250
Second Class	Rs. 600	Rs. 650	Rs. 700

STEAM TO PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, KING GEORGES SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, & SYDNEY, CALLING AT CEYLON.

Vessels.	Tons. H.P.	Captains.	1881.
ROSETTA	3500 700	A. E. Barlow	26th Aug.
KRIVA	3500 700	T. Alderton	9th Sept.
KASHGAR	3627 130	R. G. Murray	23rd „
GWALIOR	2733 450	A. W. Adamson	7th Oct.
THIBET	2262 400	W. R. Jordan	21st „

Return Tickets are now issued	1st Class. Rs.	2nd Class. Rs.
To K. George's Sound, Adelaide, Melbourne or Sydney and back (available for nine months)	600	375
To Galle and back (available for two months)	150	75
To Penang or Singapore and back do.	450	225

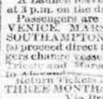
Passengers for Australia change steamers at Galle.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock-head, at Mazagon, at 5 p. m., on the day of sailing.

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, 18th August, 1881.

GRINDLAY, GROOM, AND Co., BOMBAY, GRINDLAY AND Co., CALCUTTA,



BOOK PASSAGES by P. & O. and all other Steamers without charge for Commission.

S. S. BRITANNIA has arrived from GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL, and is discharging in the Prince's Dock.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

KEMP'S CAUCASIAN INSECT POWDER.

THOROUGH EXTINCTION OF INSECT LIFE.

Tins Re. 1, Re. 1-12, and Rs. 3-8.

D. S. KEMP & CO.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

BEST MOCHA COFFEE,

ROASTED and ground by a first-rate London Roaster, in hermetically sealed tins of 1 lb. each.

Cash, Re. 1-4.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.

TREACHER'S CHERRY-BRANDY,

MADE from selected [illegible] its kind the finest Liqueur imported.

Cash Rs. 2-12 per bottle.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.

TREACHER AND COMPANY'S BOMBAY CHUTNEY

IS a delicious condiment prepared with the purest and finest ingredients.

Per Bottle, Cash Re. 1.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.

RICH IN NITROGEN AND PHOSPHATES.

MELLIN'S FOOD

FOR

INFANTS AND INVALIDS.

A SOLUBLE EXTRACT OF CEREALS.
NON-FARINACEOUS.

WHEN dissolved in Cow's Milk and water it constitutes a PERFECT FOOD, capable of sustaining life and developing robust constitutions.

	Cash.	Credit.
Small Bottles	Re. 1- 0	1-2
Large Bottles	„ 1- 12	2-0

Fresh consignments at short intervals are imported

DIRECT FROM THE MANUFACTURER,

BY

TREACHER & COMPANY., Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

KEMP'S EXTRACTS OF MEAT.

ARE INDISPUTALY SUPERIOR to all imported Extracts. They are free from mustiness, and the quality of the meat is guaranteed. The presence of anything unwholesome is rendered impossible by the extracts, while in a fluid form, being made—refined by filtration before being evaporated.

EXTRACT of CHICKEN (as supplied to the Abyssinian Expedition), Jar containing 14 oz.	Rs. 2 8
EXTRACT of MUTTON, bottle containing 4 oz.	„ 3 0
EXTRACT of BEEF (supplied to the Forces in Southern Afghanistan), bottle containing 2 oz.	„ 1 4
Quarter-pound Jars	„ 2 8
Half	„ 4 12
One	„ 9 4

D. S. KEMP and Co.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

J. NEUBERG,

5, Meadow Street.

JUST TO HAND PER S. S. CHINA.
A CHOICE PARCEL OF

MANILLA CIGARS AND CHEROOTS,

"Cavite" Brand,

Extra fine quality and size.

The finest production of the Manillas and Choicest Importation of the Season.

Carefully selected by Mr. Neuberg's special agent at

MANILLA,
"PRIMA PRIMA QUALITE."

No. 1 CIGARS,
Cavites.
Rs. 90 per 1,000.
Per Box of 50, Rs. 5.

No. 2 CIGARS,
Cavites.
Rs. 65 per 1,000.
Per Box of 100, Rs. 7.

No. 2 CHEROOTS,
Cavites.
Rs. 65 per 1,000.
Per Box of 100, Rs. 7.

No. 3 CIGARS,
Cavites.
Rs. 40 per 1,000.
Per Box of 200, Rs. 9.

JAVA CIGARS.

		Per 1,000	box of 100
FLOR de JAVA,	"COQUETAS" Rs. 30	Rs. 3	8
Do.	"TRABUCOS" „ 35	„ 4	0
Do.	"ROYALS" „ 40	„ 4	8

Samples forwarded on Application.

J. NEUBERG,
5, MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENT.

S. S. LOCH RANNOCH.

NOTICE is hereby given, to all whom it may concern, that a further SALE of DAMAGED GENERAL CARGO will be held at the East Quay, Prince's Dock, at 11 o'clock forenoon of WEDNESDAY, the 24th inst.

The marks and numbers of the packages will be given, as far as possible, in TUESDAY'S papers.

FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Lloyds' Agents and Agents for Captain Lee, &c.

Bombay, 20th August, 1881.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

THE Committee of the Chamber of Commerce invite APPLICATIONS for the POST of ACTING SECRETARY, for a period of 15 months from the 1st of October next, during the absence on leave of the Secretary. Salary Rupees 500 per month. Applications, which are to be addressed to the Chairman, to be sent in to the office of the Chamber not later than WEDNESDAY, the 31st instant.

By order of the Committee,
J. GORDON, Secretary.

Bombay, Chamber of Commerce, 19th August, 1881.

EUROPE HOTEL, ZANZIBAR.

MR. W. SANDERS begs to inform the general public, tourists and travellers in particular who should be coming to Zanzibar, that he has become the proprietor of the most [illegible] establishment is in close proximity to the Beach Custom House and principal houses of business, and offers many facilities for commercial men and private families. The greatest attention is devoted to cleanliness, and a liberal table is provided on most reasonable terms, for which a trial is solicited. A splendid Billiard-room with Thurston's best Billiard-tables.

ENGLISH NEWSPAPERS

BY

TO-DAY'S OVERLAND MAIL.

Broad Arrow.	News of the World.
Fun.	Overland Mail.
Graphic.	Pall Mall Budget.
Home News.	Queen.
Illustrated London News.	Reynold's Weekly News.
Illustrated Sporting News.	Saturday Review.
Judy.	Spectator.
Land and Water.	Truth.
Life.	Weekly Irish Times.
Lloyd's Weekly Newspaper.	World.
Mail.	

COOPER & CO., Fort, Bombay.

NOTICE is hereby given that PROBATE of the last Will and Testament of LEOPOLDINA DEGA, late of Naples, formerly of Bombay, who died at Naples aforesaid on or about the 21st day of November, 1880, has been granted to HENRY FRANCIS SOARES of Bombay. All persons having claims against the estate of the said Leopoldina De Ga are required to send in particulars thereof in writing to the undersigned Solicitors to the Executor at their office in Meadow Street within the Fort of Bombay within one month from the date hereof, at the expiration of which period the Executor will proceed to distribute the assets in his hands among those entitled thereto without regard to any claims of which notice shall not then have been given.

All persons indebted to the said estate, or having property in their hands belonging thereto, are required to pay such debts and hand over such property to the said Executor.—Dated this 22nd day of August, 1881.

PRESCOT & WINTER,
Solicitors to the Executor.

THE KHATAU MAKANJI SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, Limited.

MR. MATHURADAS LOWJEE has given NOTICE that at the SEVENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company, fixed for THURSDAY, the 1st September, 1881, he will move for adoption the following resolution, viz.:—

"That in consideration of the services rendered to the Company by the late Mr. DWARKADAS VASANJI, the Senior Member of the firm of the Agents and a Director of the Company, this Company desires that some steps should be taken to perpetuate his memory; and that the Directors be and are hereby authorized to set apart out of the funds of the Company a sum not exceeding Rs. 5,000, and to expend it in such manner as to them may seem meet for the attainment of the aforesaid object."

By order of the Directors,
RAMCHANDRA HEMRAJ,
Secretary.

Bombay, 20th August, 1881.

D. S. KEMP & CO.,
WHOLESALE CHEMISTS
and
MANUFACTURERS,
SHIPPERS OF INDIAN DRUGS.
(Prize Medal, 1873.)

Price Lists, Wholesale and General, furnished on receipt of Card.

SASSOON HOUSE, FORT, BOMBAY.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

MR. MUNDAY, Medl. Practitr., can be consulted and patients treated at Fergusson's, Chemist, Fort, from 10 to 1 daily, or at Grant Road any other time.

PINE, BOARDS, PLANKS, and SPARS for SALE. A fresh quantity just landed. Apply to Messrs. NOWROSJEE CURSETJEE & Co., Tank Bunder.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s CLARETS, 1st Growths to 4th. All prices. See List.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s BURGUNDIES. 31 prices. See List.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s SHERRY, from choice Amontillado to ordinary, in every variety of style. See List.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s INVALID PORT, highly recommended. Cash, 1 doz. qts. Rs. 26-4, 2 doz. pts. Rs. 28-4; Credit, 1 doz. qts. Rs. 27-8, 2 doz. pts. Rs. 29-8.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s OLD CRUSTED PORT (Choice, some years in bottle) for after-dinner. Cash, 1 doz. qts. Rs. 36-4; Credit, 1 doz. qts. Rs. 38.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s DESSERT PORT, Black seal, fruity and mature. Cash, 1 doz. qts. Rs. 32, 2 doz. pts. Rs. 23; Credit, 1 doz. qts. Rs. 33, 2 doz. pts. Rs. 24.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s WHISKY, Irish and Scotch. Crown Brand. Cash, 1 doz. qts. Rs. 18; Credit, 1 doz. qts. Rs. 18-8.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s WHISKY, Irish and Scotch. Fine, old and pure. Cash, 1 doz. qts. Rs. 25-4; Credit, 1 doz. qts. Rs. 24.

CUTLER, PALMER'S LIST has full details of all their specialities.

COLABA HOTEL.—ROOMS now available for the Monsoon. Terms moderate.

ZOEDONE, Rs. 4 per dozen, retail or in cases of 6 dozens, Apply to W. J. ESSAI, Forbes and Meadow Streets, Fort, Bombay.

ZOEDONE for INDIA, a delicious sparkling beverage for daily use. Exhilarating, yet non-alcoholic. Apply to W. J. ESSAI, Fort.

ZOEDONE may be taken continuously as a substitute for ALCOHOLIC LIQUORS with the most beneficial results. Apply to W. J. ESSAI, Fort.

ZOEDONE will keep good after being opened, and retains its sparkling qualities to the last. Apply to W. J. ESSAI, Forbes Street, Fort.

ART POTTERY.—SUITED for PRESENTS. Address to the CLERK, Pottery Works, Sir J. J. School of Art, Esplanade, Bombay.

SE ELCHIDANA, 48, King Street, Manchester, Agent for Mill Machinery and Furnishing, new and second hand. Refer Mr. Shantaram Narayan, Bombay.

GENUINE SULPHATE of QUININE by THOMAS WHIFFEN, London, at 7 Rs. per oz. at ROGERS and Co., Chemists.

THE CHAMPION BILLIARD CUE, as used by all the best players, can only be had from JOHN ROBERTS & Co., 18, Marine Street, Bombay.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE to BOMBAY and BOMBAY DIRECTORY for 1881. Price, Rs. 5-4; with postage, Rs. 5-4. To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

RE-ESTATE OF THE LATE CURSETJEE COWASJEE ASHBURNER.—The sales herein take place at the High Court on WEDNESDAY next, the 24th instant, at 1 p. m.

RAILWAY ACCIDENTS NO MORE.—[illegible] "PLATELAYER'S COMPANION" extant. To be had of TREACHER and Co., and COOPER and Co., Bombay.

LOST OR STOLEN, on the 17th instant, at Barhanpore Bhagal, near clock tower, Surat, a gold hunting keyless watch, No. 10196, by Rosamond, with chain. Whoever will bring the same to this office, or give such clue as will lead to its recovery, will get a REWARD of RUPEES FIFTY. Address Z. V., care of this Office.

FOR SALE, A COLLECTION OF LEGISLATIVE ACTS, comprising Sea Customs Act, Customs Tariff Act, Indian Arms Act, The Opium Act, The Bombay Salt Act, The Salt Act, The Stamp Act, The Indian Port Act, The Native Passenger Ships Act, The Abkari Act, Periodical survey of Steam Vessels Act, The Steam Vessel Survey Amendment Act, and the Bombay Port Trust Act. Price, Rs. 5, interleaved, Rs. 6-8.—Apply at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

PEARSE'S RESTAURANT (near the General Post Office).—Tiffins, chops, steaks, soups, hot joints, tea, coffee, wines, spirits, ices, &c.

TREACHER AND COMPANY'S RENOWNED SPIRITS.

Cash. per doz. Rs.	a.				Cash. per doz. Rs.	a.
32	0	... Fine Old Pale	... BRANDY	... O. O. O.	... 32	0
		The celebrated Heart-labelled pure, soft and delicate.				
29	0	... Old Pale	... BRANDY	... O. O.	... 29	0
		A choice matured Spirit.				
25	0	... Pale	... BRANDY	... O.	... 25	0
		Good and pure.				
22	8	... Fine Old	... WHISKY	... Glenlivet	... 22	8
		The very cream of Scotch Whiskies.				
22	8	... Fine Old	... WHISKY	... Irish	... 22	8
		[illegible]				
18	0	... Superior	... HOLLANDS	... Old	... 1[illegible]	
		A good wholesome spirit.				
18	0	... Unsweetened	... GIN	...Very superior	... 18	0
		Pure and fine by age.				
17	0	... Sweetened	... GIN	... Old Tom	... 17	0
		High quality and delicate flavour.				
22	8	... Finest	... RUM	... Old Jamaica	... 22	8
		An exquisite spirit softened by age.				

TREACHER & COMPANY, LIMITED,

WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

A NOVELTY IN BILLIARD BALLS.

IVORINE, IVORINE, IVORINE,

is the most perfect imitation of Ivory,

AT HALF THE PRICE.

IVORINE BILLIARD POOL and PYRAMID BALLS do not crack, warp, or get out of shape, and are superior in every respect to the so-called Compressed Cotton or Celluloid Balls.

PRICE.

Billiard Balls, per set of	3	(match size)	.....	Rs. 24
Pool do.	do.	9	.....	„ 72
Do. do.	do.	12	.....	„ 96
Pyramid do.	do.	16	.....	„ 128

To be had only from the SOLE AGENTS for INDIA,

JOHN ROBERTS AND CO.

PRACTICAL BILLIARD TABLE MAKERS,

18, Marine Street, Bombay.

MESSRS. J. ROBERTS and Co. beg to notify that they will publish in a few days their newly revised Price List, and will be happy to forward it post-free on application.

MRS. LAKE,

MILLINER, DRESSMAKER, SILK-MERCER, AND LADIES OUTFITTER.

Constant Supplies of Millinery, &c., Received "Overland"

A LARGE STOCK OF GOODS ALWAYS ON HAND TO SELECT FROM.

Estimates for making up Dresses &c., on application.

WEDDING AND MOURNING ORDERS CAREFULLY AND PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

Estimates supplied for "WEDDING TROUSSEAUX."
Do. do. for "MOURNING."

Price Lists on application.

Orders from Out-stations should be accompanied by a Remittance, or reference for payment in Bombay.

MRS. LAKE,
UXBRIDGE HOUSE,
No. 7, CHURCH GATE STREET, FORT,
BOMBAY.

GENTLEMEN'S BANIANS OR UNDER VESTS, DRAWERS, PANTS, &c.

CASH DISCOUNT—Two Annas in the Rupee.

GENTS' BANIANS OR UNDER-VESTS.

	Rs.	a.
GAUZE BANIANS	..Six	11 0
FINE GAUZE MERINO BANIANS	„	24 0
SUPERFINE; a special article for Indian wear; thin, soft, and shrinkless	„	27 0
SUMMER MERINO, a Vest stouter than the above, Medium substance	„	31 0
FINE ZEPHYR or MERINO NET BANIANS, highly recommended for corpulent men, possessing all the absorbing qualities of an ordinary Banian with half its weight; the most elastic Under-vest made	„	35 0
ANGLO-INDIAN GAUZE, a mixture of Silk and Wool; shrinkless, very elastic, and non-irritating	„	40 0
DRAB MERINO, with Long Sleeves, for the Homeward journey or Cool Climates	each	6 8
GREY SCOTCH SHETLAND LAMBS-WOOL, with Long Sleeves; the warmest Vest made, recommended for wear in Europe during the Winter ..		7 0

CARDIGAN JACKETS.

FINE BERLIN-WOOL, Knitted	..	..	..	10 0
EXTRA FINE do.	do.	..	..	12 0

GENTS' DRAWERS AND PANTS.

	Rs.	a.
SHORT KNICKERBOCKER or TRUNK DRAWERS, for Riding, fine Brown Cotton, double-seated ..... per pair	5	8
LONG DRAWERS, fine dressed Brown Cotton, double-seated, with deep Belt Bands	7	0
BATHING DRAWERS, fine Brown Cotton	1	8
Plain Colors do. do.	1	12
Fancy Stripes do. do.	2	0
WHITE SUMMER MERINO PANTS, fitted with Belt Bands	6	12
BEST STOUT DRAB MERINO PANTS, for the Homeward journey or Cold Districts	6	8
GREY SCOTCH SHETLAND LAMBS-WOOL PANTS, for wear in Europe during the Winter months	7	0

MUFFLERS.

FINE WHITE BERLIN-WOOL	2	0
WHITE CASHMERE SQUARES, very soft and comfortable	2	8
Do. do.	3	8

POLO AND FOOT-BALL SUITS.

JERSEY) Red and White .....)			
HOSE) Blue and White .....)	Suit	.....	12 8
CAP) Black and Amber .....)			

Our new illustrated Catalogue on Application.

HOAR & CO., HOSIERS, BOMBAY.

FAVRE LEUBA & CO.,

CAMPAIGN KEYLESS WATCHES.

In open crystal face cases ...	...	...	Rs. 25
„ hunting „ ...	...	...	„ 30
„ half-hunting „ ...	...	...	„ 35

OF these now over all India well-known keyless Lever metal watches, we keep always a large stock.

Those who have hitherto taken objection to the somewhat large size of these watches, we may inform that the same may be had now of same quality also of smaller size.

All those who are in possession of these our watches will gladly testify that it is impossible to have a more correct, strong and durable timekeeper, and that considering their prize they may be truly styled

"A REAL LITTLE WONDER."

FAVRE LEUBA & CO., Bombay.

FAVRE LEUBA & CO.

FINE SILVER KEYLESS WATCHES.

In open crystal face cases ...	...	...	Rs. 40
„ hunting „ ...	...	...	„ 45
„ half hunting „ ...	...	...	„ 50
„ open crystal face case, extra fine			„ 50
„ hunting case „ ...			„ 60
„ half hunting case ...	..	..	„ 60

WE can confidently recommend above watches not only for the really good quality of their works, but also for their handy size, the solidity of their cases and the neatness of their appearance.

FAVRE LEUBA & CO.

FAVRE LEUBA AND CO.

CHRONOGRAPH WATCHES.

REDUCTION OF PRICES.

WE have received a new consignment of these favourite race watches, which in consequence of the largely increased sales, we can offer to the public at the following reduced rates:—

In white metal cases	...	...	..	Rs. 60
„ silver „	...	...	...	„ 70
„ gold „	...	...	...	„ 150

The success of these watches has been firmly established at the last Bombay and Bangalore as well as other races, and racing men are unanimous that it is the most accurate and most convenient watch ever constructed for the purpose.

FAVRE LEUBA & CO., Bombay.

CALENDER LEVER WATCHES.

THESE very useful watches are always in stock of the following descriptions and prices:—

In Silver open face cases	...	...	Rs. 40
„ „ Hunting „	...	...	„ 40

The watches show on separate dials the days of the week and the dates, the correctness of which can be fully relied upon.

FAVRE LEUBA & Co.

WE receive weekly shipments of our well-known cheap silver lever watches of usual excellent quality.

In open crystal face cases ..	...	...	Rs. 25
„ hunting „ ...	...	...	„ 26
„ half hunting „ ...	...	...	„ 27

FAVRE LEUBA & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BOMBAY CHURCH INSTITUTE.

A SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING will be held in the Cathedral Vestry, on MONDAY, August 22nd, at 5-30 p. m., to discuss the modification of rules 3, 5, and 13.

A. C. LOCHEE,
Honorary Secretary.

TO BE LET

AN UPPER-STOREYED BUNGALOW at Malabar Hill, with three bed-rooms, dining and seating-room, &c. Water laid on, and the whole House is nicely matted. For further particulars apply to JAFFER SULLIMAN & Co., Girgaum.

FOR SALE.

Just received per s. s. "Galatea."

A new English-built circular-fronted miniature roomy BROUGHAM of the newest design.

A handsome chesnut Australian HORSE thoroughly broken into saddle, up to 20 stone weight, over 15 hands, young in age. Apply to JAFFER SULLIMAN'S & Co., Girgaum.

Just received, direct, a quantity of fresh real MOCCA COFFEE.

Information regarding buying and selling Carriages and Horses, and furnishing Houses, &c., &c., can be obtained on applying to JAFFER SULLIMAN'S BAZAAR, Girgaum, Bombay.

SEA-SICKNESS.

"I AM glad to inform you that your VIVONE has proved in my experience a most admirable antidote to Sea-sickness. During the voyage between Madras and Rangoon last month, when the weather was very rough, as well as that between Madras and Calcutta subsequently, I gave it to several lady passengers who were prostrated with sea-sickness, one especially who was so far weakened as to be quite hysterical, and in every case the effect was immediate cessation of sickness, and soon after, ability to take and retain food without unpleasant consequences. As I was not aware that VIVONE had this property I was agreeably surprised at these results, and feel that I ought to let you know for the benefit of others.—August 17th, 1881."

The above has been received from a Commander in the B. I. S. N. Co.'s service, with his kind permission to publish it.

PRICE OF VIVONE:
Dozen Rs. 3; two dozens, with case, Rs. 6-8.

D. S. KEMP & Co.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.

NOTICE.

Sale of Properties, lots No. 2 to 8, at Mount Road, Goorrpalvee, advertised for sale by order of the Official Assignee, In re Sukaram Crustanee and Ramchunder Crustanee, unsolvents, this day, Monday, and to-morrow, Tuesday, the 22nd and 23rd instant, is POSTPONED for one week.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, 22nd August, 1881.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.

AUCTION SALE OF CHANDELIERS, &c.

Under instructions of Consignee, on FRIDAY, the 26th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Room, without reserve—

A very rich and handsome collection of 3 to 12 light glass chandeliers, for gas or candles, from the celebrated Defria and Sons, and will be put up one in a lot to suit intending purchasers. Now on view.

NOTICE.

The sale of fancy goods, lamps, &c., advertised to take place on the 19th and 20th instant, is POSTPONED until TUESDAY, the 23rd instant.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.

Bombay, 22nd August, 1881.

BOM

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 20.

A further withdrawal of £400,000 from the Bank of England for North America is advised in Reuter's message of yesterday, and although rates of discount remain unchanged, private advices report money as having a hardening tendency. Consols come ¼ lower at 100⅛, French Rentes unaltered at 117¼, and the 3½ per cent. Indian Loan the same at 103⅜. Rupee Paper, however, has had a heavy drop. Fours being quoted 1½ per cent. down at 89⅞, Fours-and-a-half 2 lower at 90½.

Coffee is reported weaker, with a decline of 3s. in Ceylon and 2s. per cwt. in O. O. Native. Cocoanut-oil is unaltered. Linseed is firm and partially 3d. dearer. Rapeseed is unchanged. Wheat comes strong, and 6d. per quarter higher in London, and 6d. to 9d. up in Liverpool for Bombay qualities. The latter movement, however, was known some days previously through private channels. Reuter's previous prices having been incorrect. The weather at home, we hear, is still unfavourable for the crops; so that the rise may possibly even outstrip that which it has yet done.

Piece-goods in Manchester yesterday were firm at unchanged prices except for Twist, which is 1d. per lb. higher at 10d. per lb. for 40's Mule. The Liverpool Cotton Market yesterday closed firm for Americans, with an advance of 1-16d. on the spot and ½d. in near deliveries; but Surats were again unchanged, the sales being only 500 out of a total of 10,000. To-day a decided reaction appears to have set in, the market being called quiet, sales 6,000 bales, Americans 1-16d. lower on the spot and 3-32d. in deliveries. In New York the movements have been almost as wide. Yesterday ready Mid-Upland were unchanged at 12¼ cents., November being 4 points lower at 10·87, and to-day the decline has been 3-16 cents. and 30 points respectively. It almost seems as if the highest point had now been reached and a permanent decline set in; and if so, the cause, we think, is to be found in the comparatively large receipts at the American ports, which promise but a short duration of the squeeze, for tenderable Cotton. Present arrivals must be largely composed of new crop, and it is very evident that the drought which Reuter mentioned a few days ago has made it an earlier, even if a somewhat smaller, yield than it at one time promised, whilst present prices afford a strong temptation to push forward supplies as rapidly as possible.

The weekly statistics show no very special features. The Liverpool stock has decreased by 17,000, and the total visible supply by 80,000 bales; but the former item is nevertheless 100,000 and the latter 425,000 bales over the corresponding date last year.

The American crop figures to date are as follow:—

	1881.	1880.	1879.
Week's Receipts	21,000	8,000	5,000
" Exports to U. K.	25,000	12,000	10,000
" " to Cont'nent	2,000	1,000	1,000
Total Receipts since 1st Sept.	5,745,490	4,902,300	4,433,800
" Exports to U. K.	2,769,600	2,533,500	2,012,000
" " to Continent	1,715,500	1,307,000	1,396,000
" Stock in the Ports	425,000	131,000	85,000
Saturday's Receipts	3,000	1,800	4,000

The total visible supply of Cotton for all Europe on the 19th instant affords the following comparisons:—

	1881.	1880.	1879.
Total supply of all kinds	1,800,000	1,374,370	1,123,610
" " Surats	457,000	416,410	460,250

For the U. K. only the figures are:—

Stock in Liverpool	750,000	657,010	426,750
" London	40,000	50,660	50,070
American Afloat	90,000	48,000	22,000
E. Indian "	98,000	106,000	154,000
	971,000	861,670	661,820
Price of Mid-Uplands	7 1-16d.	7 1-16d.	6 9-16d.
" Fair Dholleras	4½d.	4½d.	5½d.
Difference	2 13-16d.	2 3-16d.	1 5-16d.

Exchange.—We opened very firm this morning, with more willingness shown to sell than buy; and at one time, when it first became known that the Bank of Bengal's rates of discount in Calcutta had been advanced one per cent., a partial advance of 1-32d. was obtainable in Bank Bills. This, however, gave way again before the close, when the feeling, although still firm, was a shade quieter. We quote:—

Bank Bills on demand	18. 7 15-16d.	per rupee.
Do. telegraphic	18. 7 25-32d.	"
Do. 3 months' sight	18. 7 15-16d.	"
Credits 3 "	18. 8 1-16d.	"
Documents 3 "	18. 8 3-32d.	"
France 3 "	2/12	"

On Calcutta demand drafts are par to 1-16 per cent. premium, but 60 days' sight are ¼ higher at ⅛ per cent. discount.

Government Paper has had quite a recovery to-day. Fours opened at par, an advance of ½ per cent. on yesterday's closing rate, and as sellers were by no means anxious to go on at that figure a recovery to Rs. 100¾ was established, and at that a large business has been done, while for delivery on 1st September Rs. 101 is said to have been obtained for a large amount. Fours-and-a-half remain unaltered at Rs. 101. Notwithstanding the rise, it is by no means certain that the time has yet come for a considerable and permanent recovery. The advance in rates of discount in Calcutta may be followed by a similar movement here, but the buyers yet are mostly speculators and very few real investors. In any case, however, should the improvement not be maintained, the after decline cannot be very serious, as at the present level Paper is not dear, with all that can be said against it.

Shares.—The improvement in Paper has imparted a more cheerful feeling to the share market, and a very general recovery in values has taken place. Banks are almost the only description showing no change. In Land Companies Port Cannings are Rs. 10 higher, Colabas Rs. 25 up. In Press Companies the only change is a decline of Rs. 3 in Mofussils. Spinning and Weaving Mill Companies are firm. In Dhurrumseys a recovery of Rs. 75 has been established, and other companies are nearly all Rs. 5 to Rs. 10 per share higher. Bombay Saw Mills have declined Rs. 20, Bombay-Burmah Trading Rs. 40 per share.

Cotton to-day has been firm, and business to the extent of about 700 bales is reported, chiefly in sorts I G. F. and F. G. F. Omras. Prices, however, are without change.

Sugars are firm at Rs. 6-11 for Linseed and Rs. 6-7 for Rapeseed.

Wheat is very strong, and considerable buying goes on at hardening rates, Rs. 34 per candy having been paid for No. 1 White.

Freights continue very firm, and for Liverpool 40s. is now asked for early shipment, and steamship owners at home are declining to charter under that figure.

Piece-goods are steady with some little enquiry for forward shipment, but home rates do not admit of much business going through.

Coals are firmer, sellers showing less disposition to do business.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

	Shares	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Divi dend	Cash Rates.
		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Indian Banks.					
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	11p. ct.	720
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	all	8 do.	800
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	8 do.	650
Exchange Banks.		£			
Agra Bank	100,000	10	all	3 do.	130
Chartd Bank of C.	40,000	20	all	6 do.	310
Chartd Mercantile	30,000	20	all	6 do.	300
Hongkong & Shangh. Bank	40,000	284	all	10½ do.	600
National Bank of India	36,720	25	12½	5½ do.	110
Oriental Bank	60,000	25	all	9 do.	295

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton	150	5,000	2,850	50	1,000
Albert Ginning Co.	100	500	all	18 p.ct.	
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	200	2,000	1,100	132 p.s.	425
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	750	2,400	2,200	375	1,050
Bellary	625	1,000	1,000	20 p.s.	100
Berar Cotton Ginning and Press Co.	600	500	all	40	600
Broach Cotton Ginning and Press Co.	1,400	250	all	10	26
Colaba Press Co	500	1,880	1,880	50	940
Dhollera Press and Ginning Co.	500	200	all	100	250
East India Press Co.	700	1,000	1,000	50	1,125
Fort Press Co.	150	8,000	8,500	300 p.s.	2,350
French Press Co.	300	500	all	45 p.s.	145
Sind Press Co	400	2,000	750	50	400
Mofussil Co	3,125	400	400	15 p.s.	292
New Indian Press	1,000	350	350	11	180
Oriental Mineral	1,500	...	1,500	75	1,100
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co.	100	1,000	750	100	1,200
Sassoon Press Co	300	500	500	25	500
Volkart's Press Co.	450	1,000	all	50	550

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. Railway Consolidated Stock	..	£20	218-3-0	5 p. ct.	315
Do. New £20 shares	..	£20	130-14-6	do	26
Ditto	..	£20	21-13-1	do	72
Ditto	..	£20	21-13-1	do	32
B. B. & C. I. Ry. Co.	..	£100	1,000	do	1,010
Do. New 21 Shares	..	£13	196-5-15	do	315

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad S. & W. Company	600	1,000	600	90	1,400
Farell S. & W. Co. Ld.	2,500	400	100	50	105
Anglo-Indian S. & W. Company	30,000	1,000	100	5	110
Alfred Manufacturing Company	1,000	1,000	300	3 p. s.	600
Alliance Cotton & Silk Manufg. Co., Ld.	1,800	1,000	1,000	...	1,110
Bhowanigur Mills	300	2,000	2,000	100	1,000
Bombay United S. & W. Company	900	1,000	1,000	50	1,150
Central India S. & W. Company	2,500	500	500	40 p. s.	0
Coorla Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	1,000
D. Spinning	3,000	1,000	all	all	973
Empress S. & W. Co.	795	500	all	25 p. s.	700
Ditto (new issue)	400	500	150	...	150
Gokuldas Tejpal S. Co.	1,000	500	500	20	550
Hindustan	1,200	1,000	1,000	30 p. s.	1,150
Hydrabad Spinning Company	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 70	1,150
Jaffer Ali Spinning Company	600	500	500	50	675
Jewraz Bhaloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	60 p. s.	1,220
Ibrahimjee	750	1,000	1,000	30	1,080
Khatao Mackunjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	45 p. s.	1,160
Madras Unites	350	1,000	1,000	100 p. s.	1,300 cd.
Mahalakshmi	600	1,000	500	...	600
Manockjee Petit's	2,500	1,000	all	5	1,550
Mazagon Spinning Co.	5,000	250	12 p. s.		273
Morarjee Goculdas	1,000	1,000	1,000	60	1,200
National Spinning	500	1,000	1,000	60	1,150
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	40 p. s.	1,200
Oriental	4,000	625	625	40	880
Prince of Wales Spinning Company	1,500	500	500	...	490
Sassoon S. & W. Co.	1,500	1,000	1,000	65	1,250
Shalapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	50 p. s.	1,150
Soonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	50	1,115
Southern India	500	500	Rs. 30		700
Victoria Mills	500	1,000	1,000	50	1,080
Western India S. & M. Company	1,200	1,000	200	15	940

BANK OF BENGAL.

The following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bengal for 15th August as compared with that for the 8th August, 1881:—

Liabilities.	9th Aug. Rs.	A. P.	15th Aug. Rs.	A. P.
Capital paid-up	2,00,00,000	0 0	2,00,00,000	0 0
Reserve Fund	25,00,000	0 0	25,12,830	4 0
Treasury Balances	3,37,97,991	0 7	3,58,45,782	5 6
Other Deposits	3,07,28,515	2 6	3,19,75,345	12 11
Bank Post Bills, &c.	4,33,330	6 7	4,13,976	0 8
Sundries	9,71,385	11 3	9,88,635	15 2
Rs.	8,84,43,183	12 3	9,17,31,841	6 7

Assets.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
Government Securities	1,28,10,307	12 0	1,21,30,830	4 0
Other authorized Invtmts	37,55,080	0 0	37,55,080	0 0
Loans on Govt. Securities	55,55,297	11 11	59,77,385	3 1
Credits on do.	48,52,880	11 4	53,30,901	1 8
Bills Discounted	1,98,37,403	12 11	2,15,29,888	8 5
Balances with other Banks	5,01,576	5 7	5,36,743	1 6
Bullion	1,80,761	10 5	1,28,631	1 6
Dead Stock	11,30,629	9 11	11,29,504	1 11
Stamps	8,895	1 11	8,685	14 11
Sundries Funds	6,25,531	14 9	5,28,028	5 9
Cash at Head Office	1,09,67,381	4 11	1,24,17,805	13 2
Do. at Branches	2,82,12,913	5 7	2,79,02,157	3 9
Rs.	8,84,43,183	12 3	9,17,31,841	6 7

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The steamer Flamsteed, 1,289 tons, Captain J. Robertson, sailed on the 22nd instant for Calcutta in ballast.

The steamer Great Northern, 807 tons, Captain A. H. Richardson, sailed on the 20th instant for sea, for working the submarine telegraph cable.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Java, 943 tons, Captain J. W. Livingston, sailed on the 22nd instant for Zanzibar viâ Aden, with a general cargo, and Surg. G. F. Gavine as a passenger.

The ship Yarkand, 1,310 tons, Captain J. Callender, which arrived in harbour on the 19th instant from London viâ Newport, brought a cargo of 1,928 tons coals. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. Edward, Bates & Co.

ARRIVALS.

Aug.	Vessel.	Commander	From.
19	Euphrates (s)	Nailer	Kurrachee, Aug. 16.
21	Crosby (s)	Evans	Genoa, July 28.

DEPARTURES.

Aug.	Vessel.	Commander	Destinations.
20	Great Northern	Richardson	Sea.
	Flamsteed	Robertson	Calcutta.
	Java (s)	Livingston	Zanzibar.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

Aug.		
16	Gannet (s) ..... Butler	London, July 12.
	Mary Stronhouse, Vincent	Liverpool, May 18.
17	Lee ..... Brand	Liverpool, May 17.
	Star of Denmark, Willis	London, May 12.

DEPARTURES.

August 16.—Ship Orissa, Barque Cross Hill.
August 17.—Steamers Curlew, Victoria, Sir John Lawrence, Eldorado, Vesta and a steamer (numbers undistinguishable.) Ship Tintern Abbey, Barque Earl Granville.

MADRAS.

ARRIVAL.

Aug.		
17	Chinsura (s)	Bombay.

DEPARTURES.

Aug.		
16	Hankow (s)	London.
17	Compta (s)	Calcutta.
	Himalaya	Rangoon.

DAILY IMPORTS.—August 20.

FROM GLASGOW.

Clan Fraser (s)—100 cases sulphuric acid, Mackinlay Simpson and Co.
Brilliant (s)—100 cases sulphuric acid, Kaderbhoy Currimbhoy.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Clan Fraser (s)—250 kegs red-lead, Moraice Nathu; 50 cases turpentine, Alladin Noordin; 200 boxes bar soap, Abdoolally Shaik Adum.
Hutton (s)—402 bundles hoop iron, Nusserwanjee Coovejee.

FROM LONDON.

India (s)—10 cases whisky, Jamsetjee Brothers and Co.
Galatea (s)—25 kegs sheps, Abdoolally Ebrahim Moosa.

FROM MARSEILLES.

Sumatra (s)—25 barrels roll sulphur, Amantlall Cursondas.

FROM GENOA.

Sumatra (s)—3 cases lamps, Hassim Ahmed.

FROM BORDEAUX.

Sumatra (s)—25 boxes brandy, D. D. Shah.

DAILY EXPORTS.—August 20.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

City of Baltimore (s)—30 bales wool, Nanjee Bhanjee; 49 bales wool, Chimonlal Madhowdas; 101 bales cotton, William Bell and Co; 10 bales wool, Dewjee Vissonjee.
Britannia (s)—125 cwts coir yarn, Purmanund Govindjee; 185 cwts coir yarn, Royce Amirchund; 3,200 cwts wheat, Gangjee Nurpat; 1,000 cwts wheat, Ruzubally Alleynza; 2,400 cwts wheat, William Bell and Co; 3,000 cwts wheat, Khimjee Lakmoodas and Co; 2,000 cwts wheat, F. Masotti and Co; 6,000 cwts wheat, Wallace and Co; 1,200 cwts wheat, Lalljee Poonsey and Co; 500 bales cotton, A. Blaschesk and Co.

FOR NEW YORK.

City of Baltimore (s)—10 bales skins, Wallace and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Menzaleh (s)—3,171 cwts wheat, Sigg Sulzer and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Teheran (s)—100 bales cotton and 1 bale hides, the P and O Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Darien (s)—750 cwts mowrahflower, Nanabhoy Bomanshaw; 32,000 cwts wheat, Long, Moir and Co.

FOR DIEPPE.

Somnia (s)—50 bales cotton, Wm. Cassels and Co; 21 casks castor-oil, F. Bozzoni.

FOR SUEZ.

Teheran (s)—2 cwts cardamoms and 2 cwts mango-pickle, Mahamed Saduck Neemjee.

HIGH COURT.—August 22.

(Before the Hon'ble Sir Charles Sargent.)

For investigation under Sec. 468 of Act X. of 1877.

In person—Jugmohundass Munguldass vs Sir Munguldass Nathoobhoy and another—Smith and F.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

175-80—R. M. Sayani—C. A. Turner vs Nusserwanjee Ardesir Wadia—Hearn, C. and L.—Part heard.
37-81—Payne and G—Sha Hurgovandass Dewjee vs Munchurjee Lowjeejee Sowrejee—Shapurjee and T.
382-77—Hearn C. and L.—Narrondass Heeraj and other vs Vissondass Heeraj—Craigie L. and O.
525-80—Vaux and Bicknell—Manchurjee Pesthonjee Punthuckey vs Pestonjee Hormusjee Punthuckey—Payne and G.
66-80—Crawford and B.—S. de Esperance and others vs L. de Souza and others—Tobin and H.
19-81—Smith and F.—Manockjee Sorabjee Mehta vs Manockbai and others.
489-79—Bicknell—Rehamun Gungadass vs Nundlal Beharilal and others—Shapoorjee and T. and A. and H.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice West.)

Such of the following new long causes fixed for to-day, which either party has informed the Prothonotary or the Deputy Registrar will be defended, will not be called on until any consent decree and undefended suits in the list are disposed of. Defended suits will stand over and be taken in their order.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

New Long Causes.

273-81—H. Bicknell—Haroon Hajee Juma and others vs. Noor Mahomed Hajee Soomar. In person.
275-81—Craigie, L. and O. W. Mackinnon and others vs. J. Y. Lang and others—Hore, C. and B.

Long Causes.

532-80—Jefferson B. and D.—Runchordass Cangee vs Burjorjee Pallonjee Mehrjee—H. Bicknell. Part heard.
375-80—Jefferson, B. and D.—Dewkabai vs. Nanbai and others—R. M. Sayani and H. Bicknell—Part heard.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—August 20.

Sorell, Captain, R. H. A., on leave, from Murree.
Lye, Captain, the Royal Irish, on duty.

DEPARTURE.—August 19.

Saddon, Lieut., 9th Bombay N.I., to join, to Quetta.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS. REGIMENTAL ORDERS

By Lieut.-Col. Commandant W. S. Hewett.

Bombay, August 22.

There will be Squad Drill at the Town Hall on Wednesday next, the 24th inst., at 9 p.m. The manual, firing and bayonet exercises will be practised.

All members are requested to attend.

By order, A. W. Proudfoot,
Lieut. and Adjt., B. V. R. C.

BOMBAY ARMY ORDERS.

Adjutant-General's Office, Head-Quarters, Poona, August 19.

Under instructions from the Horse Guards, War Office, it is intimated that the following postings and promotions of Rl. Arty. Officers have been made:—

Major C. Collingwood, 3-11th, has been promoted Lieut.-Col. into the 8th Brigade, and is directed to proceed to England forthwith.
Capt. K. J. Hezlet, 16-9th (Mountain Battery), has been promoted Major into 5-11th.
Capt. W. G. Mauley, Adjt. R. A., Bo. Dist., has been promoted Major and posted to J.-1 R. A.
Capt. W. D. Corfe, 1-5th, has been appointed Adjt. R. A., Bo. Dist.

Under instructions from Horse Guards Capt. H. P. Barn, Rifle Brigade, who has been promoted from the 1st into the 3rd Battn., is directed to proceed to England to join that Battn., and report his arrival in writing to the Adjt. Gen., Horse Guards.

Major B. Bucknill, S. C., has qualified for employment in the Judge Advocate General's Dept.

Referring to G. O. C. No. 333 of the 24th June last, it is notified that the destination of the 2nd Battn. of the Leicestershire Regt. (late 17-4th) has been changed from Allahabad to Jubbulpore and Sangor, and that the 1st Battn. Seaforth Highlanders (late 72nd) will proceed from Lucknow to Aden instead of the 1st Battn. of the Essex (late 44th) Regt. from Burmah.

The undermentioned are reported to have passed the required examination in the following languages:—

Persian Higher Standard—Lieut. G. K. C. Westropp, Batn., Asst. Comsy. Genl.

Hindustani Higher Standard—2nd Lieut. A. R. Browning, the Worcestershire Regt., 1st Batn.; and Lieut. W. B. Piers, East Yorkshire Regt., attached to 9th Battn. Lower Standard—Ptes. W. Crockard, T. Parnell, C. Cotton, W. G. Meagher, 17th Lancers; Lieut. H. L. Gardiner, R. A.; Lieut. T. J. W. Prendergast, R. E.; Corporal W. D. T. Hack, Privates 2nd Battn. J. Ranson, East Yorkshire Regt., 2nd Battn.; Sergt. Hock, the Worcestershire Regt., 1st Batn.; 2nd Lieut. J. S. Cowans, Corporal J. Deaning, Acting Corporals W. F. Fenton and J. Kearns, Rifle Brigade, 1st Batn.; 2nd Lieut. P. H. Saulez, R. Munster Fusiliers, attached to 10th N. I. Supernumerary Sergeant L. M. D.

The following orders are confirmed:—

Northern Division Order, dated 11th Aug., appointing Capt. E. Blaksley, F-Q, to command the R. A. in that Division temporarily from 20th May to 21st June, both days inclusive.
Kirkee Station Order, dated 25th July, directing Capt. F. J. Burridge, R. A. (Adjt. R. A., Poona Division), to perform the duties of Station Staff Officer in addition to his own, no other qualified Officer being available, vice Radford, leaving the Station.
2nd Cavalry—Regtl. Order, dated 6th Aug., making the following appointments with effect from the 7th idem, viz. Major Fagan, appointed Station Staff Officer, Ahmednagar:—
Capt. C. A. Owen, 3rd Sqdn. Comdr., to officiate as 2nd Sqdn. Comdr.
Capt. W. H. D. Jones, Sqdn. Officer, to officiate as 3rd Sqdn. Comdr.

The following orders are confirmed as a temporary measure:—

Ahmednagar Station Order, dated 15th Aug., directing Lieut. H. L. Gardiner, C-2 R. A., to perform duties as Station Staff Officer in addition to his own duties (no other qualified officer being available) during such time as Major Fagan may be in command of the Station, or until further orders.
28th Regt. N. I.—Regtl. Order, dated 14th Aug., making the following appointments with effect from the 12th idem, vice Lieut. Reilly, proceeding on furlough.
Lieut. W. St. L. Chase, Qr.-Mr., to officiate as Adjt. and Wing Comdr.; and 2nd Lieut. F. J. H. Apiin, Offg. Wing Officer, to officiate as Qr.-Mr., in addition to his own duties (no other qualified Officer being available.)

The 90 days' privilege leave granted to Capt. W. H. Auchinleck, 17-8 R. A., in 1879, is converted into general leave from 12th Sept. 1879 to 12th Dec. 1879 inclusive, on private affairs to the Kurrum Valley.

The undermentioned officer has leave of absence:—

Royal Lancaster Regt. (2nd Batn.)—Major R. A. Knox to remain in Poona from 19th Aug. to 19th Oct. on private affairs.

SURGEON DENTIST,
DR. C. F. KHORY
(Licentiate of Dental Surgery of the Royal College of Surgeons of England, 1873),
No. 23, RAMPART ROW,
Opposite the Flora Fountain, next to *Bombay Gazette* Office

GRAEFENBERG
VEGETABLE
PILLS,
acknowledged by all who have used them to be a certain cure for HEAD-ACHE, BILIOUSNESS, LIVER COMPLAINTS, diseases of DIGESTION, and FEVERISH [illegible] with great mildness, cleansing the system of all [illegible] and [illegible] in an unparalleled manner. [illegible] and no family should be without [illegible]
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DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, the best Family Aperient Medicine, without Mercury

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, effectual in all Liver Complaints.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS cure Sick Headaches and Giddiness.

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DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS may be taken at all times without restraint from business or pleasure.

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IMPORTANT CAUTION.—Be sure to ask for "DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS," in a green bottle, wrapped in green paper, and having the name and address, "William Lambert, 8, King William Street, Charing Cross," engraved on the Government Stamp. Do not, therefore, purchase without seeing the Government Stamp over the cork of the bottle.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, "W. LAMBERT, LONDON, ENGLAND."
"AGENTS WANTED."

NOTICES TO CORRESPONDENTS.

"Quiver."—Not authenticated.

"Lieutenant-Colonel, Staff Corps."—Several letters for you on the subject of the Weymouth school have been directed to our care.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

BIRTH.

BROWN—August 21st, at Bombay, the wife of Major W. J. Brown, Bombay Staff Corps, of a daughter.

DEATHS.

BROCK—August 17th, at Gwalior, Leslie Arthur Allan, son of L. E. H. Brock, G. I. P. R., aged 7 months.
MOORE—August 20th, at Malabar Hill, Bombay, Charles Eric Huntley, the beloved child of John and Frances Moore, aged 2 years and 2 months.
REYNELL—August 21st, at the European General Hospital, Mr. James Reynell, late Manager, Tudor Company's American line of Bombay, aged 46 years. Friends will kindly accept this invitation, and attend at the Hospital at 5-30 o'clock this morning to follow his remains to the grave.

The Bombay Gazette

MONDAY, AUGUST 22, 1881.

We feel peculiar satisfaction in being able to follow up Mr. Justice West's paper on the Bill to amend the Dekkhan Agriculturalists' Relief Act by a series of letters, from the pen of Mr. W. Wedderburn, addressed to ourselves, on the very grave situation produced by the failure of the Government measure. Mr. Wedderburn has won for himself an honourable place in a class of civilians which, though it is certainly not coextensive with the sacred circle of the "twice born" themselves, numbers, we are glad to think, many more representatives than Mr. West and our correspondent. Such men are far from thinking that the relations between this country and its Civil Service rest on a purely commercial basis—a basis which, as they "chuckle on their increase of salary," they might have the satisfaction of thinking has, by the energy of their fathers, been rendered of a much more satisfactory character than free contract itself could have promised them. The work they give the State is done not only thoroughly but sympathetically: and they do not regard it as a discharge in full of their debt to India and to England. The blind, unhesitating, and unquestioning degradation of the intellect and of all activity to the policy of the "powers that be," which was so dear to our late Governor, is not in favour with civilians of this type. They feel, as every Englishman here ought to feel, that on them individually, and on each man according to his strength to bear it, lies the burden of responsibility for the success of English rule in India, whose full collective weight is only now being disclosed. And if such civilians have to put up with the ready official sneer that it is they, and men like them, who "give all the trouble," they may perhaps find consolation in the thought that there are those who think that but for them the trouble would have been over long ago.

The pity is that civilians of this type are for the moment not so influential as they are intelligent, well informed, and sympathetic. But we believe that the moment is at hand when the pressure of distress in the Dekkhan will lend their representations force enough to break down the barriers of routine and official prejudice against which they have now to contend. The paternal theory of "protecting" the ryot from the money-lender is driving capital out of the country. Cultivation in the Dekkhan presupposes capital. But the ryot has none, and for the first time in his experience he finds it impossible to get any. The Government will soon be in a worse position than that of an English landlord who cannot find a tenant, or of an Irish one who cannot induce his tenant to pay any rent. True, there will be no difficulty about coercive legislation: but, barring that, the position of the Government of Bombay will be worse than those referred to, in that it cannot retire from an unprofitable investment, cannot submit to a reduction of increase, cannot even wait for "better times." The delusion that a Government which does not hesitate to take the lead in all other developments of the material resources of a backward country is tied hard and fast by nothing less than Political Economy itself when the land is concerned must vanish before the deadlock which is imminent. That it would be better to anticipate that deadlock stands to reason: and we shall watch with interest the development of Mr. Wedderburn's plan. In the meantime we hope it will not escape notice that Mr. West and Mr. Wedderburn agree in this: that something must be done, and that the Bill to amend the existing Act is not the something which is required.

Mr. Mallock has been rather harshly treated by the reviewers. They praised his *New Republic* in such unmeasured language, that the deluded young man was quite confirmed in his belief that he was one of the leading spirits of the age. This idea has of course occurred to many young men besides Mr. Mallock, but it is one which is ordinarily received by the outside world with depressing coldness. The reviewers were perhaps delighted with Mr. Mallock's book for the skill he displayed in caricaturing men of established reputation. It is a keen satisfaction to many people to see such persons hauled down from their shining seats among the gods to a mumble place among the demi-gods. Another portion of the public took a still more serious view of Mr. Mallock. Though an acknowledged sceptic, he professed profound dissatisfaction with scepticism. He had also a quick eye for the shallowness and vulgarity of modern Liberalism. He was, in short, altogether on the side of the angels and the gentlemen, and accordingly was welcomed with open arms by good society. His enthusiastic admiration of Catholicism was in itself an evidence of gentlemanly instincts, and as he had not actually "gone over," and perhaps had no intention of doing so, even Protestant bishops could safely patronise him as one of the pillars of the faith. From this proud eminence Mr. Mallock has suddenly descended like a second Icarus, and is now sadly floundering in a cold sea of contempt and ridicule. His *Romance of the Nineteenth Century* has been literally torn in pieces by the implacable reviewers. Mr. Mallock might possibly have endured with equanimity the charge of indecency and prurience, but it must cut him to the quick to be called snobbish and dull by the *Saturday Review*, which is itself so conspicuously on the side of the angels. The explanation of this catastrophe which will occur to many readers of Mr. Mallock's book is a very simple one. He is the victim of his own extravagant success. The reviewers are determined that he, too, in turn, shall forfeit his seat among the gods, and be exposed to the flouts and scorns of unfeeling humanity. And yet it cannot be disputed that his novel is a stupid and chaotic performance. The plot is without interest, and the characters are at once impossible and repulsive. The religious element which [illegible] book is degraded by [illegible] with emotions and incidents which are simply loathsome. But all this is rather due, we think, to a want of literary skill than to a sympathy with what is unclean and revolting. The reviewers have spoken too severely of one or two scenes which are only raw and crude, and perhaps appear more so from the singular contrast they offer to the high-flown sentiments which precede and follow them. It would have taxed even the genius of a Georges Sand to blend into harmonious union the discordant elements of this unlucky novel; and Mr. Mallock, though a clever young man, has nowhere the magic touch or the tone which denote genius. This last adventure of his is quite decisive on that point. His past literary career has been for various reasons an instructive one; but the public, which treated him like a spoiled child, and applauded his apish freaks, should in fairness bear some share of the blame which has been lavished so freely on his latest performance.

The turning point of the depression in Government paper was reached on Saturday, when rates for Four-per-cents., which on the previous day had touched the limit, at one time, of 99½, bounded up to 100 3-6. In our commercial report published on Saturday we stated that the fall was due to a mere scare, and that real investors would not be far wrong in buying at the level of prices then reached. It was a fall, in the course of a fortnight, of not less than six per cent. from the highest point. So serious a depression in such a good security as Government paper, when not caused by any political or other disturbing influence, was as unreasonable as the rise to 106½, the highest point touched by Four-per-cents., was unwarranted. The fact is, we believe, that the market has been entirely in the possession of speculators for the last two months. And another source of mischief has been the transactions in time-bargains, in which credit takes the place of money, in transactions for forward delivery of Government paper worth lakhs and lakhs of rupees. Government paper has thus been bought and sold for many times over its real quantity in the bazaar. Thus the flame of speculation has been fed, and kept up, often by men of straw. Many Jews Basses, and Chunda having made for the time their regular cottage, proceeded, as they characteristically call it in their vernaculars, "to eat the air of the share market," where, having nothing to pay for in cash, they entered into bargains for purchases and sales far beyond their means. Meanwhile the leading speculators for the rise, who had gone heavily into bargains both for cash and time, were first baffled in their attempts to put up prices when the result of the subscription to the new loan of 3½ crores showed, contrary to general expectation, that no syndicate of English or European bankers ventured this time to take up any considerable portion of it, and that most of those whose tenders were accepted were bankers and speculators from Bombay and Calcutta. These tenderers had of course to find money for their accepted tenders; and though we are glad to find that nearly three-fourths of the new loan has been fully paid up, the payments involved withdrawals of cash from the Banks of Bengal and Bombay, the former of which raised its rates of discount one per cent. two weeks ago. This was followed by the Bank of Bombay also advancing its rates one per cent. on Wednesday last. The rise in rates was the signal for a further decline in the market; but it was accelerated by the heavy calls for margins made by the banks who had advanced on Government paper, such calls having increased with the continual fall in price during the week. Coupled with this was the action on the part of certain speculators for the fall who, wat

TELEGRAMS.

AYOUB KHAN'S PREPARATIONS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, AUGUST 20.

Ayoub Khan has now eight regiments in Kandahar, and is rapidly pushing on his preparations for an advance on Kabul. The Sartip Nur Mahomed with three regiments and some Herati horse, moved out of the city and encamped near Deh Khwaja on the 11th, and Abdulla Khan Nasiri, with two more regiments, followed on the 13th. It is said that the force will march on Jaldak, and Ayoub will follow it a few days after.

The Duranis who are returning to their homes, it is said, are much displeased at the way in which they were received by Ayoub.

In order, apparently, to be prepared for a siege, Ayoub has sent 16 guns and a number of rifle arms, and two lakhs of rupees, to Herat, with an escort under the command of Mahomed Jan Khan.

Reinforcements from Kabul have already reached Maiwand, and it is said that the Amir himself will proceed to Ghazni as soon as possible.

PROTECTION OF GAME AT NARCUNDA FOR THE VICEROY.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 21.

Referring to a statement lately put forward, that certain game had been placed under protection with a view to the Viceroy's projected visit to Narcunda in October, the *Englishman* now states that Narcunda, being independent territory, the preservation of game is not under the control of the Indian Government. The protection of game is entirely due to the courtesy of the Raja.

THE TIKARI RAJ CASE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 21.

Judgment in the Tikari case was given to-day (20th). The judge took three hours and fifteen minutes in delivering judgment. The judge thanked the Advocate-General and the other counsel on the prosecution and defence for the able manner in which they had conducted the case, and acknowledged that without their assistance it would have been almost impossible for him to decide the case.

Two issues were decided in favour of the plaintiff, and three in favour of the defendants. Nine issues were waived as unimportant. The plaintiff's suit was dismissed, on the ground that a relinquishment deed executed by his father in 1868, and witnessed by him, as alleged, under pressure of circumstances, invalidated his claim.

A copy of the judgment was applied for immediately, for the purpose of preparing an appeal, which will be lodged in the High Court before the courts' holidays.

The judge said he disbelieved the plaintiff's evidence, and considered it a case of conspiracy, and felt inclined to order the prosecution of those concerned for perjury, but abstained till the result of the appeal.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(By Red Sea Cable.)

TREATY BETWEEN RUSSIA AND CHINA.

ST. PETERSBURG, AUGUST 20.

Ratifications of the treaty between Russia and China were exchanged here to-day between the representatives of the two Governments.

The treaty provides for the cession of Kuldja to Russia as far as the river Khorgas. China agrees to pay an indemnity of nine million metallic roubles to Russia, who obtains the rights to trade up to the Great Wall and to appoint Consuls. The treaty also provides for a reduction of the duty on tea, according to qualities.

PARLIAMENTARY ITEMS.

LONDON, AUGUST 21.

The House of Commons last evening negatived by 81 votes against 19 a motion brought forward by Mr. Parnell, condemning the re-arrest of Mr. Michael Davitt.

The Committee of Supply has finished its sittings. The prorogation of Parliament is expected to take place on the 30th instant.

THE TURCO-GREEK CONVENTION.

ATHENS, AUGUST 20.

The Turkish forces have been withdrawn from Thessaly in accordance with the provisions of the Convention between Greece and Turkey, and the Greek troops have entered the territory.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

MALTA, AUGUST 19.

The R. I. S. N. Company's steamer Mantua, outward bound from Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here this morning.

PORT SAID, AUGUST 19.

The R. I. S. N. Company's steamer Navarino, homeward bound from Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here this morning.

SUEZ, AUGUST 20.

The R. I. S. N. Company's steamer Canara, homeward bound from the Persian Gulf and Kurrachee, left here this morning.

THE MAILS.

LONDON, AUGUST 19.

The Bombay mails of the 2nd inst. arrived at Brindisi to-day.

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

LONDON, AUGUST 19.

Total Week's Sales of Cotton	70,000	bales.
" " Surats	1,000	"
" " Imports of Cotton	83,000	"
" " Surats	11,000	"
" Stock of Cotton	750,000	"
" " Surats	62,000	"
" Stock of Cotton in London	43,000	"

LONDON, AUGUST 19.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed firm. Surats unchanged.

The London Cotton Market has been firm.

Fair Dhollera	4¼
The Manchester Market has been firm.	
7 lbs. Shirtings	6
32 do.	7-1/4
40's Mule Twist	9-5/8
3½ Sterling Loan	103¼
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	92¾
5½ "	101¼
5 " Coupons for account	100¼
" French Rentes	117
Bar Silver	51 9-16

The sum of about £400,000 has been withdrawn from the Bank of England for North America.

Arrival:—Adirondak and Bretton Hall.

STEAMER REPORT.

GALLE, AUGUST 20, 6 P. M.

Mail-steamer Venetia, from Australia, arrived.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

FRIDAY, NIGHT, AUGUST 19.

At 10 p.m.	79·3 Fahr.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 20.

At 4 a.m.	79·0
" 10 a.m.	82·9
" 2 p.m.	82·7
" 4 p.m.	81·0
" 10 p.m.	79·3

SUNDAY, AUGUST 21.

At 4 a.m.	78·7
" 10 a.m.	83·6
" 2 p.m.	83·0
" 4 p.m.	82·0

MAJOR F. L. MARRYAT, R.E., Manager of the Northern Punjab State Railway, is shortly going on leave and Major W. S. Bissett, of the Rajputana State Railway, officiates for him.

MR. HANS NEUMANN, a naturalised Dutch American of Minnesota, has been appointed Consul General for the United States of America in Calcutta, in the place of General Lichfield.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL C. M. STOCKWELL, C.B., Commanding the 1st Battalion of Seaforth Highlanders (late 72nd), was recently granted an interview at Simla by the Viceroy, who, it is stated, complimented him highly on the good services done by the regiment in the late Afghan War.

A TELEGRAM from the Government of India, Home Department, dated August 18, says that a notification had been issued removing quarantine on the ports of Bombay, Kurrachee, and Aden.

THE Government of India is reported to have issued definite orders prohibiting the East Indian Railway Company from trading in surplus coal raised from their collieries, or from raising more than they require for their own needs.

THE Commander-in-Chief in India will leave Simla during the first week of November for his tour in Assam. His Excellency will proceed direct to Assam *viâ* Calcutta, and will be accompanied by Major Generals Sir G. Greaves and Sir C. Macgregor, and Colonel Chapman.

A REPORT has reached the Lahore paper to the effect that the son of the present Akhound of Swat has, at the Amir's request, proceeded to Kabul, and that the visitor, followed by several hundred armed men, was received at Batkhak by representatives of the Amir.

CERTAIN pious Hindus of Benares, it is stated, really contemplate sending a deputation to England with the avowed object of trying to prohibit the slaughter of cows in India by any means that may be possible. It is rumoured that the enlightened Raja Siva Pershad will be the chief member of the deputation, and that the Maharaja of Benares will defray all the expenses connected with the expedition.

MR. J. J. KESWICK is re-appointed one of the Commissioners for the port of Calcutta during the absence of Mr. W. Craik.

IN consequence of the severe outbreak of cholera in Siam, the King has established a sort of system of travelling dispensaries. His orders are, that steamers shall ply up and down the river, and medicines shall be distributed to the inhabitants of the different villages situated on the borders of the river. Each of the steam-launches carries a white flag; so that they are easily discerned.

THE British Consul at Jeddah has reported to the Bombay Government that he does not consider himself to have any authority to demand any sum whatever from pilgrims beyond a small charge for registration or *viséing* passports, and that pilgrims cannot be refused landing. He further intimates that his predecessor, Mr. Zohrab, had no intention, whatever his words may have conveyed, to lay down the law in the matter of pilgrim regulations to his letters of 20th May and 24th June last, but only to point out what was in his opinion advisable; and requests that it may be made widely known that no demand will be made at Jeddah on the pilgrims except for registration. The Government, in a resolution on the subject, have ordered that passports shall be granted without the warning as to the deposit of Rs. 40 directed in the Government resolution passed on the 19th July, the instructions conveyed in which otherwise remain in force.

THE settlement of the negociations with the Mahsud Waziri, which has been so much delayed owing to the absence of the *jirga* with the notorious Mashak at Kabul, is now, the Allahabad paper hears, progressing rapidly. The *jirga* has returned, and the Amir has written to the tribe, explaining away Maizulla's mission. The tribe is again united, and bent on doing its utmost to conclude peace. They are bringing in all the stolen property in their possession; and a large *jirga* is now assembled at Kot Shigi, insisting on the surrender of Mashak and Yarik to the British. The former is a Ghilzai, and Yarik is with the *jirga* at Kot Shigi, prepared to surrender.

A TELEGRAM from Simla, 18th August, to the *Pioneer*, states:—The latest news received from Kabul shows that the Amir is really taking a strong line, and making energetic preparations for holding his own in Upper Afghanistan. He has paid up all his troops, is manufacturing ammunition, collecting transport, and has pushed forward reinforcements with money for the troops to Ghazni and Kelat-i-Ghilzai. He has issued a regular proclamation all over North Afghanistan, to the effect that the enemy has advanced on Kandahar; that he is going forth to meet him; and that it behoves all the chiefs and influential men to stand firm and give him their vigorous support. He has also suddenly seized and cast into prison Mahomed Jan, and several other sirdars and chiefs supposed to be intriguing against the existing order of things. Mahomed Jan, it is reported, attempted to excite the people at Kabul to attempt his rescue, but quite without success. Kabul remains quiet, but is under a sort of martial law.

THERE is a mystery of a missing letter at the Calcutta Post-office, a local paper states. A contemporary has got hold of one story, and we have been told another. With the infallibles of Bow Bazaar on the war-path, we hesitate to say which story is the true one. A letter from the Viceroy to the Lieutenant-Governor was being sent by special messenger, or special dak, and had of course to be specially looked after. It reached the General Post-office all right, and passed in due course into the despatch department. From this department two assistants were deputed to convey the precious packet—it is to be hoped Mr. Primrose has kept a copy—to the Scaldah railway station to deliver it personally to the mail officer; but on their arrival at Scaldah, the letter was discovered to be missing. This was the beginning of troubles. Mr. Lanham, the Deputy Commissioner of Police, was communicated with, and the police displayed an intense, if fruitless, energy. They went here, there, and everywhere, and suspected clerks miscellaneous, with an untiring and devoted zeal. But nothing was really done till Mr. Hogg telegraphed the immediate suspension of the two unfortunates who last had charge of the letter. This is not all, however. On Monday, the 15th current, an entire bag containing letters addressed to the Lieutenant-Governor went astray, or was feloniously made away with by one of the assistants, and of course there was another audacious goolmal about this unhappy event. But the first letter appears to have vanished."

The Indian Daily News remarks:—Our readers have, no doubt, been wondering when Calcutta would be included in the area over which search is to be made in favour of the Commissariat frauds. Delhi, Lahore, Rawal Pindi, Umballa, Peshawar, and Peshawar have witnessed the energy of the Punjab Police; but Calcutta, we thought, was beyond the ring in which the Punjabi contractors Bengali writers operated. We have to own our mistake. There is a report that on Wednesday last the Calcutta police made a sudden raid upon some native firms in the northern part of the city, and seized a lot of papers or books. The particulars are wanting as usual; but the fact of the raid is indisputable, and rumour connects it with the Commissariat Department. In native quarters the descent of the police upon a respectable merchant has set afloat a not inconsiderable variety of strange stories. We also hear that Calcutta was not the only theatre of operations. A party of police appeared suddenly, armed with a search warrant, at the house of a man in one of the villages near Calcutta, of a Bengali well up in the department, and made a most thorough and searching investigation. They bagged, we are told, some private letters from Lucknow, a copy of the "Mahábharata," and another of "Bidhoba Bibaha," though what either of these works has to do with the Commissariat it is not easy for a man, not a policeman, to understand. Consternation is a word which indicates, but does not describe, the sensation produced in certain native circles by these proceedings.

A FRIEND now in London, formerly a citizen of Bombay, writes to the *Indian Spectator*:—Last Monday evening, on occasion of the great debate on the Transvaal, whilst so many of us were waiting in the lobby of the House of Commons for the chance of getting in to see the play, I met with two very different Bombay men, one of the older time, Mr. Andrew Grant, sixteen years ago a prominent merchant of your city. Member for Leith, and Major E. S. Rivett-Carnac, the cheery Military Secretary. The latter, who seems much improved in health since he left you in June, is to come out again towards the end of the year to assist General Hardinge. The gallant Hussar will by then have attained his long deserved promotion to Lieut.-Colonel. Mr. Grant appears to have renewed, if not his youth, the vigour of his prime. He was to have a great day on the morrow, and was just starting for Leith, where, as you will have seen, H. R. H. Admiral the Duke of Edinburgh was received with great civic popular rejoicing. Asking Mr. Grant if he had seen his old friend Mr. Maclean lately, he replied in the negative, adding, as if in sufficient explanation, "You see, he has gone in for Conservatism, and that does not suit me." Mr Grant voted in favour of Government for the division of that night.

PROFESSOR MONIER WILLIAMS, C.I.E., has been appointed to represent the Government of India at the Fifth International Conference of Orientalists, which will be held at Berlin next month.

LADY FLORENCE DIXIE is reported to have "whitewashed the damaged reputation of her countrymen for shooting. One of the guard of the Boers attending the Royal Commission was talking very big about the shooting powers of his countrymen, and very small about those of the English. Lady Florence thereupon challenged him to a trial of skill. A match was arranged. The Boer used a Martini-Henri, and her ladyship a Winchester rifle, at bottles placed 200 yards distant. To the delight of the on-lookers Lady Florence hit away her bottles one after the other, as if they were elephants; and the Boer went away signally beaten, and with the conviction that if Englishmen cannot shoot, some Englishwomen can.

THE conversation in the House of Commons on July 29 relative to Ayoub Khan's victory at Karez-i-Atta shows a curious ignorance on the part of our legislators of the whereabouts of places the names of which were in everybody's mouth constantly during the late Afghan War. It might have been supposed that names such as Sibi, Quetta, Peshin, and Chaman would by this time have become familiar to Lord Hartington, Mr. Stanhope, and Colonel Stanley; but they all showed most ludicrous ignorance as to the position of those posts. In his first explanation Lord Hartington stated that "the Viceroy had instructed General Hume to concentrate the troops under his command at Quetta, in case of disturbance;" and in reply to Colonel Stanley His Lordship added that such concentration would "no doubt" mean withdrawal from Peshin and Sibi. Thereupon Mr. Stanhope, hoping to make a point against the policy of the Government, asked if the people of Peshin "*and Sibi*" were to be abandoned to anarchy. Now, it is only too clear that the position of Sibi was utterly unknown to the Honble gentlemen who undertook to explain and criticise the Viceroy's action; for as Sibi is the terminus of the branch railway from the Indus Valley line and is the connecting link between Quetta and our frontier station of Jacobabad, to talk of its abandonment—to anarchy or to anything else—is absurd. No general would ever be ordered to cut himself off from his base, which in this case is India; and as it happens the use of the word "concentration" was never justified by the action taken by the Government of India. What really occurred is stated to be this: upon the news of Ayoub's victory being received in India the Commander-in-Chief telegraphed to General Hume, pointing out that as there were many of his troops on the line of communication, it might be as well to withdraw some of them from the posts, in order to strengthen Chaman, the Khojak entrenched camp, and the Peshin position. At the same time Sir Donald Stewart left General Hume free action, entirely, in any course he might adopt. Thus, so far from a concentration upon Quetta being ordered by the Viceroy, the very opposite was advised. The advanced posts nearest Kandahar were to be reinforced, if General Hume thought such a measure advisable, by troops sent from Quetta and the posts on the line of communication. The posts would thus have been held by smaller detachments, and even the Quetta garrison have been reduced for the time being. The Indian Government cannot be held responsible for the distortion of the action taken by the Commander-in-Chief; but, the *Pioneer* suggests, it might furnish a few large-scale maps which would enable the Secretary of State for India to grasp the geography of the country from the Indus to Kandahar.

CRICKET.

BOMBAY *vs.* POONA.

THE result of the first day's play (Friday) in this match was very disappointing for Bombay, our team being disposed of in their first innings for only 51 runs, and the Poona eleven putting together 110 at their first attempt. Then, before the day's play closed, Bombay lost one wicket in the second innings for sixteen runs. It did not appear upon this statement of the case that Bombay had a chance, and even Mr. Talkajee, the volatile custodian of the Gymkhana, who is always very certain that a Bombay team can lick all creation, began to fear that he had lost his little bets this time. But at half-past three on Saturday a telegram was received which stated that Bombay had scored 117 in their second innings, leaving Poona 59 to get to win. It seemed possible then that Bombay might just manage to score a win, or at any rate make a close match of it; and in the end, as the telegram and report given below state, Poona team producing only 57. The finish must have been a very exciting affair. In Bombay's second innings Steele made 26, Nicholson 19, and Hills 17.

(By Telegram.)

POONA, AUGUST 20.

After a most exciting match Bombay won by one run. Bombay made 51 in the first innings and 117 in the second innings. Poona made 110 and 57.

The highest score in the first innings was, Forrest, 18; second innings, Steele, 26. Poona—Hobday, 30; Eccles and Fanshawe, 17 each.

DESCRIPTION OF THE MATCH.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

THIS match was played at Poona on Friday and Saturday last, the 19th and 20th instant, and after various turns of fortune, ended in a victory for Bombay by one run. A more exciting finish we have never seen in any match, and the result gives no cause for modification to either team.

Play commenced at about 11-30 a.m. on Friday when Mr. Tennent, the Captain of the Bombay Eleven, having won the toss, sent his men to the wickets. There had been a good deal of small rain in the course of the morning, and the ground was dead and heavy. The pitch had been well rolled and was very smooth, but the out fielding was on very rough ground, and the grass longer than it should have been. Tennent and Moore went to the wickets for Bombay, and Captain Eccles began the bowling for Poona with his peculiar and cunning slow underhand. The start was a bad one for Bombay, as Moore hit his wicket in the first over and had to retire. One wicket for 0. He was followed by Hills, who made one of two good hits, but the Bombay men could not get their eyes in, and in a very short time Tennent and Hills were both bowled by Cowans, while Steel, like Moore, hit his wicket in playing at a ball from Eccles. Three immediately walked out to a hot from the same bowler, and were promptly stumped by the vigilant Fanshawe, who kept wicket with his usual accuracy. Nicholson was caught by him at the wicket off Cowans, and the result of the first half-hour's play showed six of the Bombay wickets, including all the best wickets, down for 19 runs! The credit of the team was to some extent saved by Forrest, who playing with extreme steadiness and patience accumulated 18 runs before he was caught by Eccles off Cowans, a score double as great as was made by any other member of the Eleven. Crawley-Boevey contributed an useful nine and Campbell made six, not out; but Harrison and Ryan both fell to Eccles for one run and 0, respectively, and the innings closed for a score of only 51. Eccles and Cowans had bowled throughout most excellently, and had each taken five wickets. Poona sent to the wickets Captain Black and Mr. Hall, and would simply suggest, for the consideration of the managing committee, whether it would not be suitable that one form of the memorial should embrace the object upon which Dr. Macpherson was last engaged, and in the pursuit of which, it may be said, his life was sacrificed, namely, the reclamation of those "lost sheep" of the Christian Church, the European and Eurasian waifs in the Bombay bazaars.—I am, &c.,

Panchgani, Aug. 19. J. N. C. BEYTS.

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The letter winds up by stating that future failures will be the shame of commanding officers alone;—this, by the context, means regimental commanding officers. One would suppose from this para. that none of our late difficulties had arisen from the soldiers, and that at the present moment the great problem is not, how to secure efficient men with the colours, and at the same time keep up the reserve. Certainly in our late defeats no blame has been laid at the door of the regimental officers, whether commanding or not.

Although this correspondent knows personally the first soldiers of the day and lays down the law on the English Army, I should not be surprised to find that he had never commanded a European soldier. Perhaps he may belong to the class who have gained rank out here in civil employ, to which you have called attention. At any rate, I think he would be doing his employers a service if he in future confined his epistles to news, and left out his own opinions, which are both far-fetched and valueless.

KORBITE.

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SIR,—Unwilling as I am to further engage myself in a controversy which at the best is now almost fruitless for all practical purposes, I extremely regret that the unfortunate use of the word "attack" in your first leader in to-day's issue of the *Bombay Gazette* should again compel me to address you. I repeat, sir, that I yield to none in my appreciation of Dr. Blaney's many useful services in connexion with the improvement of the health of the city—services which have been well rewarded by the citizens calling him last January to occupy the curule chair of their city. But I fail to perceive why a honest expression of general opinion should be miscalled an "attack." In public matters difference of opinion will always arise; and so long as such a difference is formulated in the most temperate language, free from any vehemence or acerbity, or from any ugly motive, I submit it is a misuse of the word to call it "attack." I assure you, sir, nothing was more remote from my mind when I penned my last letter than to "attack" the doctor. Hence the use of the word was both unhappy and gratuitous.

Having for some years devoted my attention both to British politics and local self-government, I am not unaware of the points of resemblance and difference in them. But it is too large a subject to dilate upon here. I wish, however, to clear myself on one point. The refusal of the Chairmanship of the Town Council need have involved the loss of his seat as a *non-official* member—a capacity in which Dr. Blaney might have, as very many intelligent people believe, consistently battled, so far as was reasonable and practicable, to avert or minimise the evils he had, from his deep study and pro-experience, apprehended as sure to arise from the carrying out of the hocus-pocus drainage scheme—a scheme which he more than once publicly stated would convert this city into a huge "mephitic tumulus."—I am, &c.,

Bombay, Aug. 20. D. E.

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL.—"I have found it perfectly unobjectionable."—Dr. Pedler, Physician to the Royal National Hospital for Consumption, Ventnor. Writes:—"I have convinced myself that in Tubercular and the various forms of Strumous Disease, Dr. de Jongh's Light-Brown Cod Liver Oil possesses greater therapeutic efficacy than any other Cod Liver Oil with which I am acquainted." Dr. de Jongh's Oil is now the only Cod Liver Oil used in the Royal National Hospital for Consumption and Diseases of the Chest, and is dispensed in bottles labelled in three distinct degrees of strength, by all chemists, druggists, and store-keepers. Sole Consignees: Ansar, Harford and Co., 77, Strand, London.

Forrest to the Bombay score in the first innings was invaluable; in the second innings Tennent, Nicholson, and Hills all played remarkably well.

Pipe feels us to tell of the hospitality shown to the Bombay team: it was thoughtful and exuberant. The cricket dinner at the Club on Saturday night fitly concluded a visit, which will be long remembered for the well fought contest, and the genial kindness and good fellowship which distinguished it.

BOMBAY.

	1ST INNINGS.	2ND INNINGS.
W. M. Tennent, b Cowans	.. 4	c Steele b Eccles..11
J. Moore, hit wicket b Eccles	.. 0	c and b Steele .. 9
J. J. Hill, b Cowans	.. 8	b Steele .. 17
F. L. Steel, s wicket b Eccles	.. 0	l b w, Eccles .. 26
W. Lang at Fanshawe, b Eccles	.. 2	c and b Steele .. 1
L. R. W. Forrest, c Eccles, b Cowans	18	b Cowans .. 26
E. F. Nicholson, c Fanshawe b Cowans	1	c Piers, b Steele .. 19
A. G. Harrison, st Fanshawe, b Eccles	1	b Piers .. 8
J. H. C. Boevey, c Steele, b Cowans ..	9	c Fanshawe, b Steele .. 1
R. S. Campbell, not out	.. 6	run out .. 11
J. Ryan c Hobday, b Eccles	.. 0	not out .. 6
Wide balls	2	byes 2, wide balls 3 .. 5
Total	.. 51	.. 117
		Grand total .. 168

POONA.

	1ST INNINGS.	2ND INNINGS.
Capt. Black, l b w, b Ryan	.. 3	l b w b Ryan .. 1
J. H. F. Hall, c Harrison, b Ryan	.. 7	b Ryan .. 0
Lt.-Col. Singleton, b Steel	.. 0	c Harrison, b Steel 6
L. L. Steele b Steel	1	b Steel .. 1
Capt. C. V. Eccles, c Steel, b Ryan	11	c Harrison, b Steel 17
A. A. Fanshawe, b Steel	10	c Ryan, b Steel .. 17
Capt. Hobbs, not out	30	c Lang, b Steel .. 0
W. B. Piers, b Steel	4	run out .. 0
C. C. Hodgkinson, b Moore	10	b Ryan .. 3
J. Vidal, b Moore	2	b Ryan .. 4
J. S. Cowans, b Steel	21	b Ryan .. 0
Byes 7, l. byes 1, wide balls 2	10	Byes 1, l. byes 1.. 2
Total	110	.. 57
		Grand total .. 167

BOMBAY GYMKHANA *vs.* 2ND LANCASTER REGIMENT (4TH KING'S).

THE Gymkhana eleven had an innings on Saturday afternoon, and compiled the fair total of 189, of which Mr. Wyer made 98 *not out*, Mr. Walker 30, and Mr. Wilson 16. Score:—

Oliphertz, bd Hills	.. 2
Brownlow, st Heath bd Hills	.. 9
Greaves, st Barrett bd Moss	.. 0
Fowle, st Gorne, bd Hills	.. 1
Wyer, not out	.. 98
Walker, bd Heath	.. 30
Wilson, bd Gorne	.. 16
Birch, st Hills bd Hoss	.. 0
Cassidy run out	.. 1
Hooper, bd Garrett	.. 2
Whitehead, bd Heath	.. 0
w 8, b 8, lb 2..	.. 18
	189

SIR BARTLE FRERE AS A STATESMAN.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I was sorry to read in your leading article yesterday the words "the plausible pietism of that Joseph Surface among statesmen, Sir Bartle Frere." I notice that Sir Robert Cross, in a speech at St. Helens, not long ago, said: "It was on the extreme pressure of Sir Wilfrid Lawson and those who sat with him that the Government recalled Sir Bartle Frere, who could, if the Government had wished, have made a treaty with the Boers without shedding one drop of blood." This shows that Sir Bartle Frere, in the opinion of one honest statesman at least, was labouring with a good prospect of success to settle affairs in the Transvaal in a manner just and honourable to both the Boers and our own countrymen. Whichever of these two views be correct, yours or Sir R. Cross's, surely it is possible to differ from a statesman's policy without attacking his private character. In Bombay at least, where Sir Bartle Frere grew to eminence by dint of sheer ability and nobility of soul, and where there are still many who admire and esteem his character, it cannot be that he should be stigmatized, in the leading paper, as a canting hypocrite, the character of all others most abhorrent to his nature, without a word of objection being said to such a libel on his name. I enclose my card to convince you that there is one—and I feel sure I am only one of many—who looks on Sir Bartle Frere as an honourable gentleman who has deserved well of his Queen and country.

ONE WHO SERVED UNDER HIM.

August 20.

* Sir Robert Cross's conjectures have hardly sufficient weight to out-balance established facts. The guilt of which the treaty of Pretoria described as the "unjust and dishonourable Zulu war" lies at Sir Bartle Frere's door. Mr. Gladstone is not ignorant of Sir Bartle Frere's private virtues; but he has lived long enough to know that these are not always a security for the political and social rues. Our impressions of the "plausible pietism" of Sir Bartle Frere are derived from a careful study of his own despatches and leading articles on South African questions. They are widely shared by many persons who have had as good opportunity as our correspondent of following Sir Bartle Frere's past career.—ED. *B. G.*

THE LATE DR. MACPHERSON MEMORIAL FUND.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I have much pleasure in enclosing a cheque on the Bank of Bombay for Rs. 100 on account [illegible] would simply suggest, for the consideration of the managing committee, whether it would not be suitable that one form of the memorial should embrace the object upon which Dr. Macpherson was last engaged, and in the pursuit of which, it may be said, his life was sacrificed, namely, the reclamation of those "lost sheep" of the Christian Church, the European and Eurasian waifs in the Bombay bazaars.—I am, &c.,

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THE CYCLONE IN CUTCH.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Will you kindly allow me to supplement my recent report to Government on the effects of the cyclone in Cutch with a few notes on my journey across the region affected by that storm? I left Bhooj on the 10th, and, reaching Anjar in good time, inspected the public buildings and portions of the town. It was a pleasure to find that the grand old trees of the sacred grove close to the city were uninjured; the tank was flooded and overflowing across the principal road; the road between Anjar and Poona was in capital order: the Sernai tank was like a small inland lake, and water was pouring out along the waste weir. It is proposed to irrigate the lands in the neighbourhood of this reservoir; but the experiment will be a hazardous one, for, although the water is now perfectly sweet, yet when it goes down to the level of 11 it becomes brackish, and there is every chance of land watered with it throwing up that white efflorescence called by the natives "khar." The crops were in good order all over the country, and in some places weeding had commenced. As I rode along I saw mookta, whistling teal, and the spotted mallard: these three kinds of duck strictly speaking, the two first are geese) remain in Cutch all the year round, and breed there. On the 11th, as soon as the tide had run up into the muddy creek in which my pattymar was lying aground, and floated her, we set sail for Wowania, on the coast of Kathiawar. The trip across this part of the inner gulf of Cutch from Khari Rohri to Wowania is divided into two parts, (1) a fringe of mangrove swamp intersected by deep creeks called "ness" about 12 miles long, and (2) the open river, covered by salt-water at high tide, and navigable to country craft and steam launches. For another twelve miles we had a light wind while passing through the mangroves, so that there was plenty of time for observation as we floated slowly along. The "nesses" are all exactly alike, some large and some small; they flow into one another, and form a perfectly bewilding network. The boatmen knew their way about in them in an extraordinary manner. Each "ness" has its own particular name, such as Phunk, Hudkia, Watwalla, &c., &c. Coarse grass, a weed-like heather, mangrove, and peeloo bushes rose on all sides of us. Curlews, various kinds of herons, and egrets, and other aquatic birds were seen feeding or flying about. The boatmen informed me that the "ness" which goes up to Singhi has become choked with mud, and pointed out another creek along which boats now sail up to and beyond that village as far as Shikarpore, thus cutting off direct communication on foot between Kathiawar and Cutch between Waudhia and Dhurore. No doubt before long there will be no foot communication by the river from Shikarpore in Cutch to Wania and Kajpar. Formerly, the floods in the Bunar river have certainly assisted in keeping out this deep water-course during the present monsoon, and eventually a steam-launch will easily travel from Poona to Shikarpore. The boatmen repeated the old tale about the wild hog in the swamps holding on by their tushes to the mangrove boughs, to prevent themselves being swept away at high or spring tide. They also told me two stories about the habits of jackals, which I give for what they are worth. A number of these animals are said to live all the year round in the swamps, feeding on crabs, fish, &c., and when the female is going to have pups she builds a sort of rude platform nest on a hillock or amongst the lowest boughs of a mangrove or peeloo bush, in order to keep her young ones beyond the reach of the rising water. This nest is said to be a collection of dead boughs, leaves, and debris. If a jackal wishes to get a fine crab out of a hole in the mud, he gently inserts his forepaw; and as soon as the crab has laid hold of the tempting morsel, he is dragged out and devoured on the spot by his cunning adversary. The men declared that these jackals were very bold, and would sit close to them like village pariahs when they took their meals ashore after a day's work, cutting wood, and that it was difficult to drive them away.

As soon as we reached open water the breeze sprang up aft, and in a short time we fetched up at the remains of Wowania Bunder, which has been very much injured by the cyclone. The causeway between the main land and the bunder itself has been swept away in several places, and from what I have seen the damage done, I doubt whether it will be worth while going to any very great expense in repairing the bunder, which is rapidly declining owing to the traffic being drawn towards Wudhwan. The Thakore Saheb is building a magnificent bridge across the river close to Morvi, and intends constructing a road within the limits of his own territory in the direction of the aforesaid railway station. I was told that a road between Wudhwan and Drangadhra was already finished. If this be the case there is no doubt all the cotton and grain in the Muchookanta will find its way to Wudhwan, and not, as at old, through the Gulf of Cutch to Bombay in pattymars. The road

property of this defendant, his widow, as to movable property absolutely, and as to immoveable property for a widow's estate. The court was therefore asked to dismiss the suit and declare that so much of the property as was ancestral should be delivered over to the guardian of this defendant.

The case has been heard at some length, but was adjourned for a fortnight, in the hope of an amicable settlement being come to.

DECCAN AGRICULTURISTS' RELIEF BILL.

WRITING on Mr. Justice West's minute, which we published last week, *Native Opinion* remarks:—Writing with a pretty full knowledge of the financial operations of this Presidency, we are in a position to confirm all that has been said in regard to the diversion of capital in the Deccan. In Bombay, [illegible] of three per cent. is the rates on interest on sums lent on shrolls or merchants. If the former pay six, the latter have to pay nine. But the old rate for deposits with shrolls was three per cent. Such, however, is the present distrust against employing money in the Deccan that large sums of money have been offered at between two and a quarter and three per cent. per annum on approved security. Even Mr. Wedderburn's proposed bank could be worked with indigenous capital simultaneously in half a dozen talukas, provided the money operations were free and not burdened with the incubus of an Agricultural Bill which further threatens to overspread its branches into other parts of the ordinary Code of Civil Procedure. Unless the Government of Lord Ripon turns over a new leaf, and takes the people into its confidence as Mr. Justice West proposes, it will never be able to arrive at a correct knowledge of our people and their wants.

THE *Indian Spectator* writes:—It is not at all a new thing to see Mr. Raymond West employing his leisure in the service of the public. How admirably would the interests of the country be served were other Civilians of his knowledge and experience to point out to our rulers their mistaken policy in matters of the gravest importance to the people at large! Of Mr. Justice West's genuine sympathy for the natives of India we are all aware. We are, therefore, not at all surprised to read his valuable paper recently published in the *Bombay Gazette*, on the amendments, which are before the local Legislative Council, in reference to the Deccan Agricultural Relief's Act. The paper is written in that calm judicial spirit of which the writer is known to be such a master. the mischief of certain amendments affecting the ryot and the sowcar are graphically described after being weighed in the scale of practical and therefore beneficent legislation. There is a free spirit of inquiry throughout, and the conclusion arrived at is no other than what has been for some time anticipated. . . . He is convinced, and many will fully share his conviction, that the principle of the Act is mischievous. Hence a mere tinkering, as is proposed, will never do. It behoves the Government, therefore, to appoint a Commission again. This is the practical suggestion which Mr. West offers in his concluding paragraph. He is of opinion that the principle ought to be judged by the mischief already done in order to arrive at a correct principle on which to base a new Act, giving genuine relief to the ryot and protecting honest capitalists in their legitimate transactions. And, in his quietly sarcastic way, he winds up his valuable paper with the significant hint, that the Commission should be committed, as far as possible, to *people not employed by the Government or committed to its policy.* The reason is that "there is everywhere manifest not only a want of insight into the larger conditions of human conduct and action, but a defect of practical grasp, unacquaintance with narrower conclusions in which wisdom is embodied without reference to systematic politics." This is a strong hit at "baneful bureaucracy." It must be gall and wormwood to the Government. The judicial dose is indeed bitter, but prescribed for its good. Will the Government profit by it?

THE *Mahratta*:—Before any amendment is passed, therefore, we think Government would do better, as Mr. West suggests, to institute a searching and impartial enquiry into the working of the Act. "To be searching the inquiry should be made by persons of special knowledge; to be impartial it should be made by men of independent character. For both these reasons it should be committed, as far as possible, to people not employed by Government or committed to its policy." The same suggestions has been made by Mr. Wedderburn of Nagar, ourselves and several of our contemporaries. We cannot conclude this without expressing our sense of gratitude to the Hon'ble Mr. Justice West, for the bold, impartial, learned and telling account of the Act given by him, and the services he has rendered thereby to the cause of the thousands of the indebted ryots of Deccan.

BENGAL.

MR. G. M. BATTEN.—We hear on good authority that Mr. G. H. M. Batten has completely regained his health, and may be expected back in [illegible] the beginning of the cold weather.—*Englishman.*

THE CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.—The Entrance examination and first examination in Arts will be held on Monday, the 5th December, and the B. A. examination on Monday, the 2nd of January, and following days.

OUTRAGE ON THE MAIDAN.—We always believed that there was a strong force of police scattered up and down the Maidan, and [illegible] characters. We [illegible] outrage which seems to [illegible] duty, could not have [illegible] Master Newman, of the [illegible] coming home across the [illegible] by some Europeans, [illegible] he was robbed. Just as [illegible] entered way into the Fort, he was [illegible] upon by two men—probably soldiers—who struck him down by a blow from behind, which has given him a nastly wound on the head, and placed his life in some danger. The case is a bad one in every way, and anything but creditable to the police. It is to be hoped they will brighten up, and show some energy in tracing out the ruffians, who were guilty of this outrage.—*Indian Daily News.*

CLUMSY USE OF COUNTERFEIT COIN.—One Abdool, a coly boy, of about eighteen years, was charged in the Sealdah Police Court with the above offence. The defendant had, it appears, on the 15th instant, obtained a pice, which he rubbed over with quicksilver, and during the night he gave it to a certain Elahi Bux to buy two pice worth of sweetmeat, and to bring the balance back. The man did as he was requested, but the vendor having carefully examined the coin, discovered the fraud before Elahi had time to leave the shop. He then put the matter into the hands of the police, when Abdool, the real culprit, was brought to the front. On the hearing of the case a number of witnesses were examined, among whom was a man, who had sold the accused a piece of a looking-glass, from which it is supposed that he obtained the quicksilver. The defendant admitted his guilt, and the Magistrate, Nawab Abdool Luteef Khan Bhadoor, convicted and sentenced him to six months' rigorous imprisonment.—*Indian Daily News.*

LAW TOUTS.—At the town Police-court, on Thursday last, before Mr. Scharlieb, the case against Parthasarthy and Abboye (two law touts) for aiding and abetting the committal of perjury, was called on for hearing. His Worship remarked that he considered a *prima facie* case made out against the accused, and adjourned the case till Monday next, when the accused will be formally committed to take their trial at the next Sessions of the High Court. This seems to us a parallel case to the Bankipore bribery case just closed. The judge threw it out on the ground that the police had no right to aid and abet, and encourage bribery that they might ultimately apprehend the victim, and be sure of a conviction. If the police in such cases were punished for aiding and abetting, we should, perhaps, hear fewer prosecutions for bribery. The crime is surely sufficiently common in the country without our encouraging it. Apart from these legal aspects of the case, we look on the system as mean and eminently unworthy of Englishmen.—*Statesman.*

OPENING OF A CANAL LOCK.—One of the finest locks, if not the finest lock in India was opened on Tuesday morning in a most unostentatious manner. A party of ladies and gentlemen, at the invitation of Mr. A. B. Macintosh, of the firm of Marillier and Edwards, went down in a steam-launch, starting from the Chitpur end of the circular canal, and were passed through the lock at Dhappa, this passing through constituting the opening ceremony. The object of the lock, which was commenced towards the close of 1878, is to maintain a constant depth of water of about 10 ft. in the Circular Canal. Owing to its being locked at one end only, the canal has hitherto been subject to the diurnal influx and reflux of the tide. This has resulted in a two-fold inconvenience, the navigation on the one hand being [illegible] water, and large quantities of silt being brought into the Canal, necessitating heavy expenditure for its removal. The new lock, which was planned by Mr. Joll, as Executive Engineer of the Circular and Eastern Canals Division, and constructed by Messrs. Marillier and Edwards, is a work of considerable magnitude, being five hundred feet long and forty broad, with foundations sunk to a depth of 35 feet, and the basin being calculated for the accommodation of a large fleet of boats. The total cost of the work, including the purchase of land, has been about 4½ lakhs. For the further improvement of the canal it was also decided to replace the old lock at Chitpore by a steamer more in proportion to the increased traffic of modern days. The new works at this end of the canal, which are now in construction by Messrs. Burn and Co., and are expected to be completed by April next, include a lock and basin similar to those just finished at Dhappa, a supplementary chamber for locking in and out a few boats at a time and thus economising time and water, and an inlet for letting water into the canal from the Hughli. The whole of the works at both ends of the canal, undertaken since 1878, are estimated to cost about 11 lakhs of rupees, in addition to which the Government are granting the Municipality a sum of six lakhs of rupees towards the cost of works for diverting the storm water of the town from the canal, which if allowed to enter in great quantities after heavy rains would be a serious detriment of its cleanliness, and prove [illegible] to the health of those navigating [illegible] to the Those works also will probably be [illegible] ably of the next two years. After the [illegible] ing mar. it, upon the party finally [illegible] pleasant after-after five o'clock.—*Englishman.* [illegible] at Chitpur shortly [illegible].

MADRAS.

THE REVISED NEW TESTAMENT.—If the Holy Scriptures were always so much searched for as they have been since the issue of the revised edition of the New Testament, then, assuredly, Bible Depositories would be in a most flourishing condition, and the world would be ripe for the Millennium. The Bangalore Branch of the Bible, Tract and Book Society receives, within the last three weeks, two consignments of the New Testament, and both have been quite exhausted. A revised New Testament cannot be had in Bangalore, now, for love or money.—*Bangalore spectator.*

GOVERNMENT CENTRAL MUSEUM.—On the Administration Report of the Government Central Museum for 1880, the Government have passed the

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ment [illegible]
am in [illegible]
my [illegible]
mona[illegible]

HE[illegible]
[illegible] side of [illegible]
relief [illegible]
and [illegible]
relief.

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25	33	30	25	40	35
30	38	34	30	43	37
35	43	36	35	48	41
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